The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXIV. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1891. NO. 10

THE CENTRE REPORTER

FRED KURTZ, -- EDITOR

Who helped kill,
The Burdick bill?

The South Dakota legislature has passed and the governor approved a law establishing the Australian ballot system in that State

Bellefonte folks are feeling a little uneasy over the danger of the prospect of a competing railroad to that town being choked by adverse legislation.

Let the fate of the Philadelphia bank officers be a warning to all banks that any swindling practices against the people may land them in state's prison.

Hon. Samuel H. Orwig, of Lewisburg, is being pushed to the front as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Judge. Better wait until Judge Bucher gets off the track.

"What have you come out for to see—a reed shaken by the wind? "once asked John the Baptist. Later a good many folks went to Washington to see a Reed blown from the speaker's chair by a Democratic cyclone.

The Republicans of the house, at Harrisburg, on Monday, passed a resolution endorsing speaker Reed. That's going a good ways from home for a crumb. Small favors thankfully received even by the Czar.

The congress just adjourned make appropriations for over a billion of dollars—500 millions more than any previous congress. But you see it was done by Reed counting quorums when there were no quorums. Expensive counting that

The congress just adjourned has appropriated $200,000,000 more than any preceding congress. This is scandalous, and the people have reason to rejoice that last fall's election started these Republican profligates from Washington, never to return.

On Monday in the senate the grangers and other were heard from by petition in favor of the revenue bill and the anti-descrimination bill; against the bill regulating the use and rental of telephones; for the measures of the working. men's convention in Harrisburg, on January 8 and 9, 1891; for a constitutional convention.

The Coroner's investigation into the tunnel disaster at New York has resulted in the arrest of the President and other officials of the New York Central road. That there was gross carelessness in the way trains were run through the tunnel, through thick smoke and steam—the tunnel being unlighted and unventilated—appeared from the evidence. Some one is responsible for the death of the unfortunate victims, and this sort of an investigation should result in placing the responsibility and in remedying the defects.

The Harrisburg *Patroit* says that one evening during the national guard encampment at Mt. Gretna last summer, a party of soldiers were sitting around a camp-fire amusing themselves by throwing loaded cartridges into the fire and watching them explode. Among the number was Louis Ancker, a Philadelphia druggist, who was hospital steward of the Third regiment. In the midst of this dangerous sport one of the exploding cartridges threw a coal of fire into one of Ancker's eyes and destroyed the sight of it. For this accident, the result of his own foolhardiness Ancker now asks relief from the state. A bill has passed the house finally granting him a gratuity of $300 and an annuity of the same amount on account of the loss of an eye "by the accidental discharge of a cartridge." It is well that Governor Pattison gets the last shot at bill of this character.

On Sunday the Evangelical churches throughout the state presented in many cases the scene of two ministers trying to occupy the same pulpit. At Slatington Rev. Newhard, the Bowman appointee, was seized by the chief of police and ordered to sit down or get out. At Reading, in the Sixth street church, the Bowman followers left the church with their minister and held services in the Hebrew synagogue. At Catasauqua Rev. A. A. Leopold was refused by the trustees the privilege of entering the pulpit and left the charge followed by his supporters. At the East Liberty church, Allentown, the congregation found that the keyhole had been plugged and they could not get into the building. Entrance was finally effected through a window. At Bethlehem and Easton the congregations were so pronounced for either Dowman or the anti-Bowman conference that no dispute occurred.

Judge Yerkes' Reply.

Judge Yerkes has raised his little finger and let it down on the worthy master s. g., and covered him up without any trouble, This is part of what the Judge says to bro. L.:

The terms Grange and Granger were applied in designating farms and farmers as a class long before the Patrons of Husbandry had an existence. My purpose was to refer to the farmers' cry of twenty-five and thirty years ago, for free homes upon the public lands, and for overland railroads to develop them, and I supposed that I was so understood. I hardly think, however, that in any aspect, there was anything said by me that could be fairly made the excuse for the tirade of vulgar abuse and common denunciation heaped upon other classes in the community than farmers, by the author of the letter.

"I venture the assertion that many of those whose reputations he assailed by false accusation have performed as many hard days' labor upon the farm as he, and are nearer in actual sympathy with the farmers, and as well acquainted with their condition and necessities, as can be one who betrays such gross ignorance and of appreciation of their sense of fairness, and who, posing as the head of a great and important movement for better goverment, presumably for all the people, stoops so far as to attempt to excite the passions and prejudices of one class of honest people against another class.

"I did not usurp the place of a speaker at the Farmers' Institute, but as Mr Reeder, who was chairman, can testify, at great inconvenience I consented to speak, at his earnest solicitation. I will not descend into a controversy with any one who resorts to personal abuse of any class of the community, who uses hard names, and who in the same breath that he rants over the ignorance of the dark ages, not only condemns free speech, but likewise free hearing and free reading, when he commands his followers not to listen to those whose occupations differ from their own Neither is it necessary that I should say anything in behalf of Mr. Eastburn Reeder and the other mangers of the Farmers' Institute, in reply to the ill-judged and ill-tempered advice to the farmers to dominate the management. He might with as much reason, forbid them to read the daily papers."

Bellefonte's Interests.

Bellefonte is anxious for another railroad, thinking it would benefit the town and all business men. Let it have all the railroads it desires without hindrance, nobody will be hurt. The citizens of the town feel a little nervous over legislation that may be had to interfere with any new railroad project. With three members—two in the house and one in the senate—at Harrisburg, from this county, it strikes us Bellefonte's interests would be well taken care of, and no snake be allowed in the grass to interfere with the interests of that in railroad operations. There would be no excuse for a neglect of the interests of the citizens of Bellefonte, legislatively considered, and whether the fears and suspicions some of them have are well founded, remains to be seen.

Bellefonte people should take some public action and make their wishes known in unmistakable language; she has the wealth, talent and intelligence to give force to her demands and have the same respected.

The war cloud again put in an appearance and at this moment hangs heavily over France and Germany. It is said that the young German emperor is in a terrible rage over the failure of his mother's mission to Paris and over the treatment which she received there Whereas a week ago he regarded himself as the chosen instrument of heaven to bring about a restoration of fraternal relations between France and Germany and a general disarmanent of the continental nations, he is now ready to declare war against France and to inaugurate the most gigantic struggle of the century.

The German emperor has, it is stated, decided not to demand any explanation from France as to the treatment of his mother. He will ignore the insults of the Chauvinists, so far as official action is concerned, but continue his change of policy in regard to Alsace-Lorraine and French interests generally.

The News in the Future.

Washington Post.

The news item of the future will read something like the following: "As Farmer Smith was delivering a bale of hay at the treasury building, and while waiting to have the government stamp affixed, his horses took fright at the limited express on the Washington & San Francisco Airship Line. They dashed down the avenue, and turning the corner at the uptown station of the Washington & Chicago Pneumatic Tube Rapid Tranist Company, brought up with a dull thud against the celluloid window of the Potomac Artificial Egg Company. In the crash and general confusion Farmer Smith's head and two of his limbs were servered from his body, but he was promptly removed to the Edison Hospital and after the electrical bone-welding operation was performed he was able to drive home and keep his appointment with the man who holds the mortgage on his farm."

The threatened strike on the Pennsylvania R. R. has passed over.

One Thousand Millions.

One thousand million dollars!

Imagine, if possible, the enormity of the sum.

Aye, enormity is the right word. It stands for "an exceeding offense against right or decency; atrocious crime; flagitions villainy; atrocity."

And what milder terms will the people of this country use when they learn that $1,000,000,000 have been added to the burdens that already grind and oppress them?

One thousand million dollars in new and increased appropriations?

That is the record of this Republican congress, whose legislative life will end at the hour of noon tomorrow.

Available surplus in the United States treasury last night, $36,286,238,45.

Available surplus in the United States treasury to-night, $18,608,046 51.

Cause—Pensions.

"It has been," said Representative Clement, "the most extravagant congress since the war."

"It has spent," said Representative Dockery, "$200,000,000 more than the Fiftieth congress did, when the Democrats controlled the house."

"Where has it gone?"

"It has gone," said that gentleman, "in increased pensions, in direct tax bills, in subsidy bills and in jobs of every possible character. The Republican party has been discredited by the country. It is going out of power with no expectation of controlling the house again for many years. Its members have made the most of their opportunity. That's the situation in a nutshell."—New York *Hearld*.

The Wrecker's Doom.

In Philadelphia, on Saturday, the wreckers of the Bank of America and the American Life Insurance Company were sentenced in the morning by Judge Arnold. George F. Work is condemned to four years in the Eastern Penitentiary, James S. Dungan to three years, and Louis E. Pfeiffer to two years imprisonment.

The men received their sentences in a remarkably hard manner, Pfeiffer almost fainting as he turned toward his counsel, W. Shields, who stood close behind him. His face was ashen white and his parched lips moved convulsively for a few moments as he attempted to regain composure.

Dungan is an aged man. His face is shrunken and his cheek bones protrude as if he had barely escaped death by starving. Frequently during Judge Arnold's brief address he nodded his head in acquiescence to the scathing denunciation of the Judge, and when the sentence was received he fell back in his seat and buried his face in his hands.

These men were the officers of the bank, and it shows that rascally bank managers, who swindle their depositors can be reached like other scamps.

Crimes From Gambling

Anthony Comstock has compiled from the newspapers some figures concerning crimes resulting from gambling, which are really startling.

They show that during 1890 there were 253 cases of crime against the person, shooting or stabbing, as the direct result of gambling, not including 24 suicides, 6 attempted suicides and 60 cold-blooded murders.

Two persons were driven to insanity by gambling losses, and 68 were ruined financially by pool gambling and betting on horse races. The passion for gaming led to two burglaries, 18 forgeries and 85 embezzlements, all committed for the purpose of securing money with which to tempt fickle fortune. Thirty-two persons holding positions of trust in banks and mercantile houses absconded after losing other people's money in gambling The amount of money involved in such embezzlements and defalcations was $2, 898,372.

This list, Mr. Comstock claims, does not cover thefts, robberies, embezzlements, etc., which are hushed up by those most interested.

A man who has conversed with only two persons in his life lives in Danbury. He is John Pratt, an industrious and well-to-do farmer, and in the 61 years of his life he has spoken to no one except his two brothers. He has gone to jail in preference to speaking a single word, and he would not, could not utter a word in the presence of a stranger, or even his own wife, to save his life. Yet he has a voice as strong and vocal faculties as perfect as any man's. Some strange power binds his tongue in another's presence, an influence which is said to be due to his mother's antipathy to her father-in-law at the time Pratt was born. He has had two wives, and in the courting he was helped by his brother.

From Miles.

H. E. Beck, of Miles, has departed for Hinkly, Illinois. Mrs. J. S. Emerick, of the east end of Miles, is on the sick list. Allen Bowersox, of near Wolf's store, has left for Kansas.

Crop prospects in Miles are good.

Novel Tours to the Pacific Coast via P. R. R.

The early spring always attracts the tourist, and of late years many travelers who have neglected their own country for European wanderings have been brought to some sense of realization of the wonders of their own country, and have profited by visiting and informing themselves of it. An ocean voyage has its many disadvantages, which do not attach to the Pennsylvania Railroad's personally-conducted tours to the Golden Gate. The magnificent Vestibule Pullman Palace Trains are luxuriously equipped and manned by the most efficient crews. The tourists are under the charge of a Tourist Agent and Chaperon, and have at their call for ready service a ladies' maid, a stenographer, and typewriter. The two remaining tours will leave New York Thursday, April 14th, and the round-trip rates will be $275 and $300 respectively. The later our will be run via Portland and Tacoma returning. The rate includes Pullman accommodations, meals *en route* going and returning, six side trips, and several carriage ridges. For itineraries and space application should be made without delay to Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia or to Tourist Agent, Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 233 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, or 849 Broadway, N. Y.

Don't.

Don't be a religious bigot.

Don't be a I-didn't-know-it-was-loaded fool.

Don't smoke in a private house unless invited to do so.

Don't be afraid to stand by the right for the sake of making a dime.

Don't fall below your means in benevolence, and whine falsely about being poor.

Don't find fault with other people's meals when you don't have 'em near as good on your own table.

Dont't be jealous of anothers good deeds, the world has room enough for any good you may wish to do.

Don't find fault with your neighbor's dress, because it may be paid for, while what you wear may be unpaid for.

Don't be guided by anothers closefistedness in giving, but come up to the measure of your means regardless of others.

Don't open the car window to see out when there's a chilly atmosphere, you can see out all the same without that, and your fellow passenger who is made uncomfortable by the draft wont take you to be a fool and greeny.

Specimen Cases

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was trouble with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him,

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklin's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound an l well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by J. D. Murray's Drug Store,

A Liquor Bill Pass.

The house passed finally by a vote of 124 to 36, Representative Franklin's bill amending certain sactions of the Brooks high license measure. This bill cuts down the license fee in all third-class cities, of which Harrisburg is one, from $500 to $300, and enables a liquor dealer to procure bondsmen outside of the ward borough or township in which he does business. It remains to be seen what action the senate will take regarding it.

Received the Appointment Again.

Andrew J. Cruse, Jr., of Bellefonte, who was dismissed from the U. S. Naval Academp last October, for disobeyance of orders, has been reappointed by Congressman Krebbs, as a candidate for entracne to the Academy. The Secretary of the Navy waived the orders in which Cruse was directed to inform upon his classmate, and he will now be allowed to pass examination in May next.

A Landmark Gone.

Mike Condo has just finished leveling another landmark by cutting down the old orchard that stood on the Hoffer farm, west of town, now occupied by Mr. S. W. Smith. From the information at hand the orchard was set out somewhere between eighty and ninety years ago, and had some of the choicest fruit to be had.

House Burned.

The dwelling of Mrs. John Peters, near Potters Mills, was burned on last Friday night. The fire was caused by putting hot ashes in a box in the outbuilding. The greater part of the house hold goods were saved. We think there was no insurance.

Reciprocity With Brazil.

The President of the United States recently made known, by proclamation, a modification of the tariff law of Brazil, made by that government in the interest of the United States, and in return for the free admission into this country of sugars, molasses, coffee and hides produced in Brazil.

This proclamation was simply the public announcement of the consummation of an agreement between the Governments of Brazil and the United States. The exchange of products in this manner is properly called reciprocity, and though it does not mean reciprocity in the sense of a completely free exchange of products, it covers practically all the articles of commerce in which there is for a long time likely to be much exchange between this country and Brazil.

The President's action in the matter was taken in pursuance of a clause in the recent tariff act commonly called the "McKinley bill," and although sugars, molasses, coffee and hides are exempted from import duties, in general terms, by this act, a clause of the law imposes a duty upon each of these classes of merchandise when coming from any country that maintains a tariff system hostile to the introduction of American goods. The President is empowered to decide whether the tariffs are friendly or the reverse.

The articles with respect to which the Brazilion tariff is modified in favor of the United States are in two classes, or schedules. The first schedule includes a large number of articles that are to be admitted free when taken from this country to brazil, and the other includes many more articles which are to be admitted to that country at a reduction of twenty-five per cent. from regular tariff rates.

In the first, or free, schedule are included wheat, corn and other grains, and the flour and meal made of them, potatoes, hay, salted pork except hams, coal, agricultural implements, and nearly all kinds of machinery except sewing machines.

In the second, or reduced, schedule are included ham, lard, manufactures of cotton, leather, except boots and shoes, manufactures of iron and steel, wagons and carriages, and manufactures of India-rubber.

This arrangement, it is expected, will greatly increase our export trade to Brazil, which has heretofore been very small, although this country imports nearly one-third of all that Brazil has to sell, including almost the whole of her coffee crop.

Of the articles that are now to be admitted free from this country, Brazil has imported, on the average, twenty millions of dollars' worth yearly; and less than three and a half million dollars' worth of these has come from the United States.

Of the articles to be admitted at a reduced rate, almost forty millions' worth per year have been imported into Brazil, and less than two and a half millions' worth has come from the United States.

Of cotton goods, which are to be admitted into Brazil at a tariff rate one-quarter cheaper than at present, Brazil has imported twenty million dollars' worth annually from Europe, while the United States has sent her only half a million dollars' worth a year.

In this one branch of commerce, our manufacturers expect to increase their exports to Brazil twenty-fold.

The immediate effect of the new arrangement, so far as the United States is concerned, will be in exports rather than imports. But it is probable that the Brazilian production, particularly of sugar and molases, will be stimulated by reciprocity, and her exports of these commodities to this country increased.

Up to the present time, our trade with Brazil has been an importing trade rather than an exporting one. We have imported yearly from sixty to seventy million dollars' worth of Brazil's products, and exported to that country only about nine millions of our own.

One article which we import largely from Brazil is not affected by the present agreement. Crude india-rubber was already free of tariff charges, and remains so.

Unless the commercial arrangements of Brazil with other countries are modified as the result of the new bargain with the United States, we shall have an advantage in that country over all European nations.

Moreover, it is expected that this arrangement with Brazil will compel other countries to modify their tariffs in the same way as the new South American republic has done, in order to enable them to secure the advantages offered by the reciprocity clause of the tariff act, and thus to compete with Brazil for the export trade to the United States.

——A good warm boot or shoe is needed by all during this winter weather, A. C. Mingle, Bellefonte, keeps a complete stock and at low prices. Gum boots, shoes, etc., a speciality.

Ben Butler says we will soon have another war.

A Pleasant Surprise.

The Lutheran parsonage at Centre Hall was again invaded on Tuesday night by a peaceful party of Tusseyville Lutherans, who bore with them many and varians bundles and packages. The occupants of the parsonage were "caught napping" as the affair was a complete surprise. Evidently, the pastor and his family appreciated the little party and would be glad to have such social calls even though the packages did not accompany the callers. A pleasant time was spent and the evening passed all too soon.

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at J. D. Murray's Drug Store. Large size 50c, and $1.00.

Marriage Licenses.

Following is the list of marriage licenses issued during the past week from the register's office, Bellefonte:

Daniel M. Kline and Olea A. Keller, both of Spring township.

Wm. M. Dierly, of Rebersburg, and Samantha S. Haferly, of Aaronsburg.

John C. Boal of State College, and Emma Kern, of Lemont.

L. H. Musser, of Fillmore, and Gertrude M. Solt, of Zion, Pa.

Miles Even Straton and Annie Filer, both of Philipsburg.

Centre Hall Select School.

The spring term of the Centre Hall select school, to continue ten weeks, will begin on April 13, next. All the higher branches and languages will be taught.

Special classes will be formed for those preparing to teach.

Boarding can be had at reasonable rates.

H. C. ROTHROCK,
5 mar 4t Principal.

Pabst Beer.

The bottling establishment of P. R. Young sells it to every dealer. It has medical properties and highly recommended for invalids, nursing mother and delicate children. Beside he has pure unadulterated liquors and wines of all brands. The guarantee with every sale is my reputation.

10 3t PHILIP R. YOUNG.
Prop'r Lewistown Bottling Work.

Gone West.

On Tuesday last three of Penns valley's young men left to seek their fortunes in the wide west. They are Mr. James Conley, of this place; Mr. William Stover, of Spring Mills, and a Mr. Roup, of Aaronsburg. We hope the goddess of Fortune will smile upon them and have them return well laden.

Thousands of Families,

bless the day when they learn the use of HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS NOS. ONE and SEVEN. *Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis* and *Sore Throats* are always cured by them.

——The Philad Branch is thoroughly reliable, and Lewins has in stock a line of clothing that leads in quality and low prices. Satisfaction always given.

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——Jasp. Wolf, heretofore on the Col. Royer farm at Rebersburg, leaves for a smaller farm in the spring and to give some attention to lumbering on a hundred acre tract he has.

——At New Haven, the other day, Thomas Colt, a 14-year old boy, was taken to the almshouse violently insane. His mental derangement was caused by cigarette smoking, and while raving he continually shouted for cigarettes. Centre Hall cigarette smokers can take warning.

——Have you been to A. C. Mingle's shoe store in the Brockerhoff house block? Never miss going there when at Bellefonte, he always has something new and offers none but genuine goods which he warrants. For low prices in boots and shoes Mingle's is the place:

——The Renovo *News* is authority for the statement that a man and woman who obtained a marriage license about a year ago, have living together at North Bend ever since under the mistaken idea that the license document was a marriage certificate. When they learned their mistake they went to a Renovo clergyman, who performed the delayed ceremony in due form.

——MUSICAL COLLEGE.—The 39 Session opens Monday May 4 for Young Ladies in Vocal and Instrumental Music. —Address, for circular,

F. C. MOYER,
Freeburgh, Pa.

REV. DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON

The Brooklyn Divine's Sunday Discourse.

Subject: "The Evils of Liquor Drinking."

TEXT: "*Noah planted a vineyard, and he drank of the wine and was drunken.*"—Genesis ix., 20, 21.

This Noah did the best and the worst thing for the world. He built an ark against the deluge of water, but introduced a deluge against which the human race has ever since been trying to build an ark—the deluge of drunkenness. In my text we hear his staggering steps. Shem and Japhet tried to cover up the disgrace, but there he is, drunk on wine at a time in the history of the world when, to say the least, there was no lack of water. Inebriation, having entered the world, has not retreated. Abigail, the fair and heroic wife, who saved the flocks of Nabal, her husband, from confiscation by invaders, goes home at night and finds him so intoxicated she cannot tell him the story of his narrow escape. Uriah came to see David, and David got him drunk and paved the way for the despoliation of a household. Even the church bishops needed to be charged to be sober and not given to too much wine, and so familiar were people of Bible times with the staggering and falling motion of the inebriate that Isaiah, when he comes to describe the final dislocation of the worlds, says, "The earth shall reel to and fro like a drunkard."

Ever since apples and grapes and wheat grew the world has been tempted to unhealthful stimulants. But the intoxicants of the olden time were an innocent beverage, a harmless orangeade, a quiet syrup, a peaceful soda-water as compared with the liquids of modern inebriation, into which a madness, and a fury, and a gloom, and a fire, and a suicide, and a retribution have mixed and mingled. Fermentation was always known, but it was not until a thousand years after Christ that distillation was invented. While we must confess that some of the ancient arts have been lost, the Christian era is superior to all others in the bad eminence of whisky and rum and gin. The modern drunk is a hundredfold worse than the ancient drunk. Noah in his intoxication became imbecile, but the victims of modern alcoholism have to struggle with whole menageries of wild beasts, and jungles of hissing serpents, and perditions of of blaspheming demons.

An arch fiend arrived in our world, and he built an invisible caldron of temptation. He built that caldron strong and stout for all ages and nations. First he squeezed into the caldron the juices of the forbidden fruit of Paradise. Then he gathered for it a distillation from the harvest fields and the orchards of the hemispheres. Then he poured into this caldron capsicum and copperas and logwood and deadly nightshade and assault and battery and vitriol and opium and rum and murder and sulphuric acid and theft and potash and cochineal and red carrots and poverty and death and hops. But it was a dry compound and it must be moistened, and it must be liquefied, and so the arch fiend poured into that caldron the tears of centuries of orphanage and widowhood, and he poured in the blood of twenty thousand assassinations.

And then the arch fiend took a shovel that he had brought up from the furnaces beneath, and he put that shovel into this great caldron and began to stir, and the caldron began to heave and rock and boil and sputter and hiss and smoke, and the nations gathered around it with cups and tankards and demijohns and kegs, and there was enough for all, and the arch fiend cried: "Aha! champion fiend am I! Who has done more than I have for coffins and graveyards and prisons and insane asylums, and the populating of the lost world? And when this caldron is emptied I'll fill it again and I'll stir it again, and it will smoke again, and that smoke will join another smoke, the smoke of a torment that ascendeth for ever and ever. I drove fifty ships on the rocks of Newfoundland, and the Skerries, and the Goodwins. I have ruined more senators than gather this winter in the national councils. I have ruined more lords than are now gathered in the house of peers. The cup out of which I ordinarily drink is a bleached human skull, and the upholstery of my palace is so rich a crimson, because it is dyed in human gore, and the mossic of my floors is made up of the bones of children dashed to death by drunken parents, and my favorite music—sweeter than Te Deum or triumphal march—my favorite music is the cry of daughters turned out at midnight on the street because father has come home from the carousal, and the seven hundred voiced shriek of the sinking steamer, because the captain was not himself when he put the ship on the wrong course. Champion fiend am I! I have kindled more fires, I have wrung out more agonies, I have stretched out more midnight shadows, I have opened more Golgothas, I have rolled more Juggernauts, I have damned more souls than any other emissary of diabolism. Champion fiend am I!"

Drunkenness is the greatest evil of this nation, and it takes no logical process to prove to this audience that a drunken nation cannot long be a free nation. I call your attention to the fact that drunkenness is not subsiding, certainly that it is not at a standstill, but that it is on an onward march, and it is a double quick. There is more rum swallowed in this country, and of a worse kind than was ever swallowed since the first distillery began its work of death. Where there was one drunken home there are ten drunken homes. Where there was one drunkard's grave there are twenty drunkard's graves. It is on the increase. Talk about crooked whisky—by which men mean the whisky that does not pay the tax to government—I tell you all strong drink is crooked. Crooked Otard, crooked Cognac, crooked schnapps, crooked beer, crooked wine, crooked whisky—because it makes a man's path crooked, and his life crooked, and his death crooked and his eternity crooked.

If I could gather all the armies of the dead drunkards and have them come to resurrection, and then add to that host all the armies of living drunkards, five and ten abreast, and then if I could have you mount a horse and ride along that line for review, you would ride that horse till he dropped from exhaustion, and you would mount another horse and ride until he fell from exhaustion, and you would take another and another, and you would ride along hour after hour and day after day. Great host, in regiments, in brigades. Great armies of them. And then if you had voice stentorian enough to make them all hear, and you could give the command, "Forward, march!" their first tramp would make the earth tremble. I do not care which way you look in the community to-day the evil is increasing.

I call attention to the fact that there are thousands of people born with a thirst for strong drink—a fact too often ignored. Along some ancestral lines there runs the river of temptation. There are children whose swaddling clothes are torn off the shroud of death. Many a father has made a will of this sort: "In the name of God, amen. I bequeath to my children my houses and lands and estates; share and share shall they alike. Hereto I affix my hand and seal in the presence of witnesses." And yet perhaps that very man has made another will that the people have never read, and that has not been proved in the courts. That will put in writing would read something like this: "In the name of disease and appetite and death, amen. I bequeath to my children my evil habits, my tankards shall be theirs, my wine cup shall be theirs, my destroyed reputation shall be theirs. Share and share alike shall they in the infamy. Hereto I affix my hand and seal in the presence of all the applauding harpies of hell."

From the multitude of those who have the evil habit born with them this army is being augmented. And I am sorry to say that a great many of the drug stores are abetting this evil, and alcohol is sold under the name of bitters. It is bitters for this and bitters for that and bitters for some other thing and good men deceived, not knowing there is any thralldom of alcoholism coming from that source, are going down, and some day a man sits with the bottle of black bitters on his table, and the cork flies out, and after it flies a fiend and clutches the man by his throat and says: "Aha! I have been after you for ten years. I have got you now. Down with you, down with you!" Bitters! Ah! yes. They make a man's family bitter and his home bitter and his disposition bitter and his death bitter and his hell bitter. Bitters. A vast army all the time increasing.

It seems to me it is about time for the 17,000,000 professors of religion in America to take sides. It is going to be an out and out battle with drunkenness and sobriety, between heaven and hell, between God and the devil. Take sides before there is any further national decadence, take sides before your sons are sacrificed and the home of your daughter goes down under the alcoholism of an imbruted husband. Take sides while your voice, your pen, your prayer, your vote may have any influence in arresting the despoliation of this nation. If the 17,000,000 professors of religion should take sides on this subject it would not be very long before the destiny of this nation would be decided in the right direction.

Is drunkenness a state or national evil? Does it belong to the North, or does it belong to the South? Does it belong to the East, or does it belong to the West? Ah, there is not an American river into which its tears have not fallen and into which its suicides have not plunged. What ruined that Southern plantation?—every field a fortune, the proprietor and his family once the most affluent supporters of summer watering places. What threw that New England farm into decay and turned the roseate cheeks that bloomed at the foot of the Green Mountains into the pallor of despair? What has smitten every street of every village, town and city of this continent with a moral pestilence? Strong drink.

To prove that this is a national evil I call up two States in opposite directions—Maine and Georgia. Let them testify in regard to this. State of Maine says: "It is so great an evil up here we have anathematized it as a State." State of Georgia says: "It is so great an evil down here that ninety counties of this State have made the sale of intoxicating drink a criminality." So the word comes up from all parts of the land. Either drunkenness will be destroyed in this country or the American Government will be destroyed. Drunkenness and free institutions are coming into a death grapple.

Gather up the money that the working classes have spent for rum during the last thirty years, and I will build for every workingman a house, and lay out for him a garden, and clothe his sons in broadcloth and his daughters in silks, and stand at his front door a prancing span of sorrels or bays, and secure him a policy of life insurance so that the present home may be well maintained after he is dead. The most persistent, most overpowering enemy of the working classes is intoxicating liquor. It is the anarchist of the centuries, and has boycotted and is now boycotting the body and mind and soul of American labor. It annually swindles industry out of a large percentage of its earnings. It holds out its blasting solicitations to the mechanic or operative on his way to work, and at the noon spell and on his way home at evenside. On Saturday, when the wages are paid, it snatches a large part of the money that might come to the family and sacrifices it among the saloon keepers. Stand the saloons of this country side by side, and it is carefully estimated that they would reach from New York to Chicago.

This evil is pouring its vitriolic and damnable liquors down the throats of hundreds of thousands of laborers, and while the ordinary strikes are ruinous, both to employers and employes, I proclaim a universal strike against strong drink, which strike, if kept up, will be the relief of the working classes and the salvation of the nation. I will undertake to say that there is not a healthy laborer in the United States who, within the next twenty years, if he will refuse all intoxicating beverages and be saving, may not become a capitalist on a small scale.

Oh, how many are waiting to see if something cannot be done for the stopping of intemperance! Thousands of drunkards waiting who cannot go ten minutes in any direction without having the temptation glaring before their eyes or appealing to their nostrils, they fighting against it with enfeebled will and diseased appetite, conquering, then surrendering, conquering again and surrendering again, and crying, "How long, O Lord! how long before these infamous solicitations shall be gone?" And how many mothers are waiting to see if this national curse cannot lift? Oh, is that the boy who had the honest breath who comes home with breath vitiated or disguised? What a change! How quickly those habits of early coming home have been exchanged for the rattling of the night key in the door long after the last watchman has gone by and tried to see that everything was closed up for the night.

Oh! what a change for that young man, who we had hoped would do something in merchandise or in artisanship or in a profession that would do honor to the family name, long after mother's wrinkled hands are folded from the last toil! All that exchanged for tartled look when the door bell rings, lest something has happened; and the wish that the scarlet fever twenty years ago had been fatal, for then he would have gone directly to the bosom of his Saviour. But alas! poor old soul, she has lived to experience what Solomon said, "A foolish son is a heaviness to his mother."

Oh! what a funeral it will be when that boy is brought home dead! And how mother will sit there and say: "Is this my boy that I used to fondle, and that I walked the floor with in the night when he was sick? Is this the boy that I held to the baptismal font for baptism? Is this the boy for whom I toiled until the blood burst from the tips of my fingers, that he might have a good start and a good home? Lord, why hast Thou let me live to see this? Can it be that these swollen hands are the ones that used to wander over my face when rocking him to sleep? Can it be that this swollen brow is that I once so rapturously kissed? Poor boy! how tired he does look. I wonder who struck him that blow across the temple? I wonder if he uttered a dying prayer? Wake up, my son; don't you hear me? wake up! Oh! he can't hear me! Dead! dead! dead! 'Oh, Absalom, my son, my son, would God that I had died for thee, oh, Absalom, my son, son!'"

I am not much of a mathematician and I cannot estimate it, but is there any one here quick enough at figures to estimate how many mothers there are waiting for something to be done? Ay, there are many wives waiting for domestic rescue. He promised something different from that when, after the long acquaintance and the careful scrutiny of character, the hand and the heart were offered and accepted. What a hell on earth a woman lives in who has a drunken husband! O death, how lovely thou art to her, and how soft and warm thy skeleton hand! The sepulcher at midnight in winter is a king's drawing-room compared with that woman's home. It is not so much the blow on the head that hurts as the blow on the heart.

The rum fiend came to the door of that beautiful home, and opened the door and stood there and said: "I curse this dwelling with an unrelenting curse. I curse that father into a maniac, I curse that mother into a pauper. I curse those sons into vagabonds. I curse those daughters into profligacy. Cursed be bread tray and cradle. Cursed be couch and chair, and family Bible with record of marriages and births and deaths. Curse upon curse." Oh, how many wives are there waiting to see if something cannot be done to shake these frosts of the second death off the orange blossoms! Yes, God is waiting, the God who works through human instrumentalities, waiting to see whether this nation is going to overthrow this evil, and if it refuse to do so God will wipe out the nation as He did Phœnicia, as He did Rome, as He did Thebes, as He did Babylon.

Ay, He is waiting to see what the church of God will do. If the church does not do its work, then He will wipe it out as He did the church of Ephesus, church of Thyatira, church of Sardis. The Protestant and Roman Catholic churches to-day stand side by side, with an impotent look, gazing on this evil, which costs this country more than a billion dollars a year to take care of the 300,000 paupers, and the 315,000 criminals, and the 30,000 idiots, and to bury the 75,000 drunkards. Protagoras boasted that out of the sixty years of his life forty years he had spent in ruining youth; but this evil may make the more infamous boast that all its life it has been ruining the bodies, minds and souls of the human race.

Put on your spectacles and take a candle and examine the platforms of the two leading political parties of this country, and see what they are doing for the arrest of this evil and for the overthrow of this abomination. Resolutions—oh! yes, resolutions about Mormonism! It is safe to attack that organized nastiness two thousand miles away. But not one resolution against drunkenness, which would turn this entire nation into one bestial Salt Lake City. Resolutions against political corruption, but not one word about drunkenness, which would rot this nation from scalp to heel. Resolutions about protection against competition with foreign industries, but not one word about protection of family and church and nation against the scalding, blasting, all consuming, damning tariff of strong drink put upon every financial, individual, spiritual, moral, national interest.

I look in another direction. The Church of God is the grandest and most glorious institution on earth. What has it in solid phalanx accomplished for the overthrow of drunkenness? Have its forces ever been marshaled? No, not in this direction. Not long ago a great ecclesiastical court assembled in New York, and resolutions arraigning strong drink were offered, and clergymen with strong drink on their tables and strong drink in their cellars defeated the resolutions by threatening speeches. They could not bear to give up their own lusts.

I tell this audience what many of you may never have thought of, that to-day—not in the millennium, but to-day—the church holds the balance of power in America; and if Christian people—the men and the women who profess to love the Lord Jesus Christ and to love purity and to be the sworn enemies of all uncleanness and debauchery and sin—if all such would march side by side and shoulder to shoulder this evil would soon be overthrown. Think of three hundred thousand churches and Sunday-schools in Christendom marching shoulder to shoulder! How very short a time it would take them to put down this evil, if all the churches of God, transatlantic and cisatlantic, were armed on this subject?

Young men of America pass over into the army of teetotalism. Whisky, good to preserve corpses, ought never to turn you into a corpse. Tens of thousands of young men have been dragged out of repectability and out of purity, and out of good character, and into darkness by this infernal stuff called strong drink. Do not touch it! Do not touch it!

In the front door of our church in Brooklyn, a few summers ago, this scene occurred: Sabbath morning a young man was entering for divine worship. A friend passing along the street said, "Joe, come along with me; I am going down to Coney Island and we'll have a gay Sunday." "No," replied Joe; "I have started to go here to church, and I am going to attend service here." "Oh, Joe," his friend said, "you can go to church any time! The day is bright, and we'll go to Coney Island, and we'll have a splendid time." The temptation was too strong, and the twain went to the beach, spent the day in drunkenness and riot. The evening train started up from Brighton. The young men were on it. Joe, in his intoxication, when the train was in full speed, tried to pass around from one seat to another and fell and was crushed.

Under the lantern, as Joe lay bleeding his life away on the grass, he said to his comrade: "John, that was a bad business, your taking me away from church; it was a very bad business. You ought not to have done that, John. I want you to tell the boys to-morrow when you see them that rum and Sabbath breaking did this for me. And John, while you are telling them I will be in hell, and it will be your fault." Is it not time for me to pull out from the great organ of God's word, with many banks of keys, the tremolo stop? "Look not upon the wine when it is red, when it moveth itself aright in the cup, for at last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder."

But this evil will be arrested. Blucher came up just before night and saved the day at Waterloo. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon it looked very badly for the English. Generals Ponsonby and Pickton fallen. Sabers broken, flags surrendered, Scots Grays annihilated. Only forty-two men left out of the German brigade. The English army falling back and falling back. Napoleon rubbed his hands together and said: "Aha! aha! we'll teach that little Englishman a lesson. Ninety chances out of a hundred are in our favor. Magnificent! magnificent!" He even sent messages to Paris to say he had won the day.

But before sundown Blucher came up, and he who had been the conqueror of Austerlitz became the victim of Waterloo. The name which had shaken all Europe and filled even America with apprehension, that name went down, and Napoleon, muddy and hatless, and crazed with his disasters, was found feeling for the stirrup of a horse, that he might mount and resume the conflict.

Well, my friends, alcoholism is imperial, and it is a conqueror, and there are good people who say the night of national overthrow is coming, and that it is almost night. But before sundown the Conqueror of earth and heaven will ride in on the white horse, and alcoholism, which has had its Austerlitz of triumph, shall have its Waterloo of defeat. Alcoholism having lost its crown, the grizzly and cruel breaker of human hearts, crazed with the disaster, will be found feeling in vain for the stirrup in which to remount its foaming charger. "So, O Lord, let Thine enemies perish!"

Big Crop From Two Kernels of Corn.

A Kansas paper says the entire supply of Jerusalem corn in that State came from two kernels. These produced the seed from which five bushels were raised the following season, and the next crop amounted to 500 bushels.

The plant grows to the height of about three feet, and resembles broom corn or sorghum. The grain is white and answers every purpose which is served by Indian corn. It makes sweeter and better bread, and is delicious when boiled, after the manner of oatmeal. In wet weather it runs to stalks and grows six feet high, without any grain to speak of.

It produces best when the season is dry, and after the plant gets a start it is said to be absolutely impervious to the influence of drought and hot winds. The farmers of Western Kansas are preparing to engage in its culture next season to a large extent.—*New York Daily Continent.*

A New System of Lighting.

A new system of lighting by means of petroleum lamps has been introduced in one of the large railroad stations in London. The system consists in the use of a large tank containing the oil, from which pipes run to the various lamps, carrying the oil by gravitation, as needed. Each lamp has a small reservoir for holding sufficient oil to saturate the wick, the flow of oil being regulated by an automatic valve. The joints in the pipes are sealed by a material not affected by oil. The wick is lowered or raised by a wire outside of the lamp, and when the wick is lowered a flash light continues to burn, so that the entire wick can be lighted when required.—*Boston Transcript.*

Gen. Grant's Neck.

One of President Harrison's most enthusiastic and faithful admirers is Senator Paddock, of Nebraska. He has known the President personally for many years, and, having a wide experience in public life, is able to compare him with a high degree of intelligence with other men who have occupied the first political position of the land.

"President Harrison reminds me very much of President Grant in one respect," said Senator Paddock to your correspondent a few days ago, "and this respect is his refusal to gush and make promises. It is true that President Grant would promise an intimate friend that he would make an appointment, or would tell him that he could not give him a position, but he always did this on the spur of action, at a time when it was too late for him to run any risk of breaking his word.

"I remember a call I made upon Gen. Grant during his last term in the White House," continued Senator Paddock, "and with me was my colleague, when a fair example was given of the President's peculiar traits of character. We wanted very much to have one of our constituents appointed, and we persisted, with the greatest fervor, to urge the good qualities of our man. While we talked for half an hour or more about the fitness of the candidate presented and the political advantages which would accrue from his appointment, Gen. Grant sat far down into his chair and pulled his neck into his chest like a turtle. He never said a word, but drank in every syllable and read every expression on our faces. Finally we tried to get from him some kind of an utterance which would show what he thought of our case; but the greatest possible effort was of no avail.

"We concluded that it would be best to change our tactics; so we began to talk about the siege of Vicksburg. My colleague knew all about that contest, and had often met Gen. Grant on field when every man's life was carried in his hand. Before half a dozen sentences were spoken about the fight before Vicksburg, Gen. Grant's neck began to grow. It just crawled right out of his chest like the neck of a giraffe. His eyes brightened, and in less than thirty seconds his tongue was wagging at both ends. He grew eloquent, and I never was more charmed in my life with war narratives. Our conversation ran along in this vein for about a half an hour, when finally my colleague and I concluded that we would come back to the object of our visit and see if we could not, with the cockle burs of the President warm, get some kind of a promise about the appointment we sought. Gen. Grant anticipated us, and before our words told him that we were going to resume our conversation about politics, he was sitting low down on the small of his back again, and his neck was dropped out of sight."

Wolves a Plenty in Missouri.

Missouri is one of the few States in the Union in which bounties are paid on wolf scalps and the only one in which there is a price put on the head of a rat. The State law outlawing these animals permits county courts to authorize their extermination, but fixes the price of wolf scalp at $3, to be paid by the county. There are counties in south central Missouri, sparsely settled and very poor in many ways, that are always referred to as "Wolf Scalp Counties." Before the war the settlers during the six years of fighting all the men in the southern counties were in one army or the other and during these years these wolves multiplied to such numbers that the sheep-raising industry of that section never has been restored. In the five years of 1870 to 1875 $1,500,000 were paid out by the State for wolf scalps. One would think that parties had embarked in the business of raising wolves as a means of a livihood. This is not, however, true, for it will take more than another million and a half to exterminate the wolves from South Missouri.—*St. Louis Star-Sayings.*

Cremation in Paris.

Everything is being done in Paris to induce people to have their dead bodies burned. A new crematory has just been constructed, according to the plans of M. Geuilard, a municipal counsellor. This furnace is entirely of brick, and its partition-walls have in their entire length a series of holes which give passage to large metallic tubes through which gas is let in by force, having been pumped into the furnace by means of compressed air. The temperature under such conditions is as high as 1,300 deg. to 1,400 deg. The results obtained have been satisfactorily convincing. In thirty-five minutes an entire sheep weighing fifty kilos and placed in a wooden box, was reduced to ashes, without the slightest smoke or smell.

Reckless Shooting.

One of the funniest things that has happened in Greenville for some time was the shooting of a negro last night by a policeman. The cop blazed away at the man and shot him in the elbow, the ball glancing and striking the negro in the cheek. As he spit the ball out he said: "Look heah, white man, you quit dat shootin' at me; fus' thing yuh knows yuh gwinter brake some 'spectable pusson's winder glass."—*From the Memphis Avalanche.*

Brick Pomeroy Grows Old.

"Brick" Pomeroy looks old and a trifle worn, though his blue eye is still keen and his back flat. You may know him ordinarily by his broad, determined face, blue frock coat, and slouch hat, exchanged for a broad-brimed straw hat in summer. He lives in Brooklyn with his second wife and a family of young children.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

SUNDAY, MARCH 15, 1891.

Gehazi Punished.

LESSON TEXT.

(2 Kings 5: 15-27. Memory verses: 25-27.)

LESSON PLAN.

TOPIC OF THE QUARTER: *Sinning and Serving.*

GOLDEN TEXT FOR THE QUARTER: *Godliness is profitable unto all things.* - 1 Tim. 4: 8.

LESSON TOPIC: *Secret Sins Exposed.*

LESSON OUTLINE:
1. Favoring Opportunity, vs. 15-19.
2. Secret Sins, vs. 20-24.
3. Fearful Punishment, vs. 25-27.

GOLDEN TEXT: *Be sure your sin will find you out.*—Num. 32: 23.

DAILY HOME READINGS:

M.—2 Kings 5: 15-27. Gehazi punished.
T.—Exod. 4: 1-9. A leprous hand.
W.—Num. 12: 1-16. Miriam's leprosy.
T.—2 Kings 15: 1-7. Asariah's leprosy.
F.—2 Chron. 26: 16-23. Uzziah's leprosy.
S.—Josh. 7: 1-26. Secret sins exposed.
S.—Rom. 2: 1 16. Secret sins judged.

LESSON ANALYSIS.

I. FAVORING OPPORTUNITY.

I. Willing to Give:

I pray thee, take a present of thy servant (15).
The king....said,....Take the goods to thyself (Gen. 14: 21).
For the full price let him give it to me (Gen. 23: 9).
The field give I thee, and the cave (Gen. 23: 11).
Who giveth us richly all things to enjoy (1 Tim. 6: 17).

II. Refusing to Accept:

He urged him to take it; but he refused (16).
I will not take a thread nor a shoelatchet (Gen. 14: 23).
The king said,....Nay; but I will verily buy (2 Sam. 24: 24).
Ye will not come to me, that ye may have life (John 5: 40).
Seeing ye thrust it from you,....lo, we turn (Acts 13: 46).

III. Out of Observation:

So he departed from him a little way (19).
The man and his wife hid themselves from....God (Gen. 3: 8).
Like Adam I covered my transgression (Job 31: 33).
Whither shall I flee from thy presence? (Psa. 139: 7).
Can any hide himself....that I shall not see him? (Jer. 23: 24).

1. "Now I know there is no God,.... but in Israel." (1) Naaman's earlier beliefs; (2) Naaman's convincing experiences; (3) Naaman's final convictions.—(1) Formerly; (2) Now.
2. "He urged him to take it; but he refused." (1) Naaman's urgency: (2) Elisha's firmness.—(1) Proffer; (2) Declination.
3. "He said unto him, Go in peace." (1) His troubled coming; (2) His peaceful departure.—(1) Coming with burdens; (2) Going with peace.

II. SECRET SINS.

I. Covetousness:

I will run after him, and take somewhat of him (20).
Thou shalt not covet....anything (Exod. 20: 17).
I coveted them, and took them (Josh. 7: 21).
Give me thy vineyard, that I may have it (1 Kings 21: 2).
Bid my brother divide the inheritance with me (Luke 12: 13).

II. Falsehood:

My master hath sent me (22).
Thou shalt not bear false witness (Exod. 20: 16).
Lying lips are an abomination to the Lord (Prov. 12: 22).
Why hath Satan filled thy heart to lie? (Acts 5: 3).
All liars, their part shall be....the second death (Rev. 21: 8).

III. Theft:

He took them,....and bestowed them in the house (24).
Thou shalt not steal (Exod. 20: 15).
They....have also stolen, and dissembled (Josh. 7, 11).
Lest I be poor, and steal (Prov. 30: 9).
Let him that stole steal no more (Eph. 4: 28).

1. "My master hath spared this Naaman:....I will run after him, and take somewhat." (1) Naaman's gratitude; (2) Elisha's generosity; (3) Gehazi's cupidity.
2. Naaman said, "Be content, take two talents." (1) Gehazi's falsehood; (2) Naaman's response.—(1) The false servant; (2) The confiding general; (3) The generous gift.
3. "He took them from their hand, and bestowed them in the house." (1) The princely gift; (2) The fraudulent reception.

III. FEARFUL PUNISHMENT.

I. Sin Exposed:

Went not mine heart with thee, when the man turned? (26).
Be sure your sin will find you out (Num. 32: 23).
God shall bring....into judgment....every hidden thing (Eccl. 12: 14).
There is nothing....hid, that shall not be known (Luke 12: 2).
God shall judge the secrets of men (Rom. 2: 16).

II. Sin Denounced:

Is it a time to receive money,....and garments? (26).
The soul that sinneth, it shall die (Ezek. 18: 4).
Sin no more, lest a worse thing befall thee (John 5: 14).
Evil company doth corrupt good manners (1 Cor. 15: 33).
These things write I unto you, that ye may not sin (1 John 2: 1).

III. Sin Punished:

He went out....a leper as white as snow (27).
So he drove out the man (Gen. 3: 24).
A fugitive and a wanderer shalt thou be (Gen. 4: 12).
Through one man sin entered,....and death through sin (Rom. 5: 12).
The wages of sin is death (Rom. 6: 23).

1. "Whence comest thou, Gehazi?" (1) Gehazi's base errand; (2) Elisha's searching question; (3) Gehazi's quick exposure.
2. "Is it a time to receive money?" (1) Peculiar circumstances; (2) Appropriate duties.
3. "He went out from his presence a leper as white as snow." (1) Aggravated sin; (2) Extreme penalty.—(1) Sin; (2) Exposure; (3) Penalty.

LESSON BIBLE READING.

SPECIAL PENALTIES FOR SIN.

Adam's expulsion from Eden (Gen. 3: 22-24).
The sons of Ham (Gen. 9: 24-27).
Nadab and Abihu (Lev. 10: 1, 2).
Miriam's leprosy (Num. 12: 1-10).
The unbelieving spies (Num. 14: 36 37).
Korah and his comrades (Num. 16: 23-35).
Achan (Josh. 7: 24-26).
Uzzah (2 Sam. 6: 6, 7).
Nebuchadnezzar's soldiers (Dan. 3: 19-22).
Jonah (Jonah 1: 12-15).
Ananias and Sapphira (Acts 5: 1-10).
Herod (Acts 12: 20-23).

LESSON SURROUNDINGS.

There are no intervening events.

PLACES.—Samaria, and a place on the road to Damascus, not far from Samaria, in a northerly direction.

TIME.—As in the last lesson, either in the fifth or eleventh year of Joram (or, Jehoram, king of Israel), B. C. 891 or 885. Those who assign this period of the history to a later date, accept B. C. 850 or 849.

PERSONS.—Naaman and two of his servants; Elisha; Gehazi, the servant of Elisha.

INCIDENTS.—Naaman, being healed, returns to Elisha, and begs him to accept a present. He refuses. Naaman asks for earth, promising to worship Jehovah only, and desiring pardon for attending his master in heathen worship. Elisha sends him away in peace. Gehazi runs after Naaman, and, inventing a story about two guests unexpectedly arrived, asks for a grief. Naaman gives Gehazi more than he asks, and sends two servants to carry the treasure. Before coming to the house Gehazi sends the servants away, and, after disposing of the gift, appears before Elisha. When asked where he had been, he denies that he has been away. Elisha tells him that he knows what has been done, and pronounces as a punishment that the leprosy of Naaman shall cleave unto him and his seed. Gehazi at once becomes a leper.

HE WORRIED ABOUT IT.

"The sun's heat will give out in ten million years more,"
And he worried about it;
"It will sure give out then, if it doesn't before,"
And he worried about it;
"It would surely give out, so the scientists said
In all scientifical books that he read,
And the whole mighty universe then would be dead,"
And he worried about it;
"And some day the earth will fall into the sun,"
And he worried about it;
"Just as sure, and as straight, as if shot from a gun,"
And he worried about it;
"When strong gravitation unbuckles her straps,
Just picture," he said, "what a fearful collapse!
It will come in a few million ages, perhaps,"
And he worried about it.
"The earth will become much too small for the race,"
And he worried about it;
"When we'll pay thirty dollars an inch for pure space,"
And he worried about it;
"The earth will be crowded so much, without doubt,
That there'll be no room for one's tongue to stick out,
And no room for one's thoughts to wander about,"
And he worried about it:
"The Gulf Stream will curve, and New England grow torrider,"
And he worried about it;
"Than was ever the climate of southernmost Florida."
And he worried about it;
"The ice crop will be knocked into small smithereens,
And crocodiles block up our mowing machines,
And we'll lose our fine crops of potatoes and beans,"
And he worried about it.
"And in less than ten thousand years, there's no doubt,"
And he worried about it;
"Our supply of lumber and coal will give out,"
And he worried about it:
"Just then the Ice Age will return cold and raw,
Frozen men will stand stiff with arms outstretched in awe,
As if vainly beseeching the general thaw,"
And he worried about it.

His wife took in washing (a dollar a day),
He didn't worry about it;
His daughter sewed shirts, the rude grocer to pay,
He didn't worry about it;
While his wife bear her tireless rub-a-dub-dub
On the washboard drum in her old wooden tub,
He sat by the stove, and he just let her rub,
He didn't worry about it.

—*S. W. Foss, in Yankee Blade.*

LONG AGO.

Sometimes a breath floats by me,
An odor from Dreamland sent,
That makes the ghost seem nigh me
Of a splendor that came and went,
Of a life lived somewhere, I know not
In what diviner sphere,
Of memories that stay not and go not,
Like music once heard by an ear
That cannot forget or reclaim it—
And something so shy, it would shame it
To make it a show,
A something too vague, could I name it,
For others to know,
As if I had lived it or dreamed it,
As if I had acted or schemed it,
Long ago!

And yet, could I live it over,
This life that stirs in my brain,
Could I be both maiden and lover,
Moon and tide, bee and clover,
As I seem to have been once again,
Could I but speak and show it,
This pleasure, more sharp than pain,
That haunts and lures me so,
The world should not deem a poet,
Such as it had
In the ages glad
Long ago!

—*Lowell.*

CURRENT FASHIONS.

Already there seems to be a breath of spring in the air, and we have only to glance at the windows of the leading dry goods houses to be convinced that at least the spring time is not far distant.

The first importation of spring woolens that are shown are homespun Cheviots, tweeds, and fanciful plaids and stripes with rough surfaces. Gowns made of these materials are very stylish and inexpensive. They only require a stitching on all edges, or they may be bound with silk or mohair braid, and have light or dark pearl buttons or those matching the braid, the mock buttonhole button being very stylish for this purpose. An idea of simplicity must pervade the dress to make it successful. The skirt is plain across the front and sides or has a few plaits on either side, at the belt, to break the monotony. The back is in fan or box plaits, which must be firmly pressed in shape, as the object is to see them clearly defined, though not caught so as to show that they are fastened.

Beige and tan shades are always popular in the spring and are now of the lightest mushroom tints. A special fancy this season will be the use of pale green shades as garnitures of these light tan dresses.

Darker green and pale yellow will also be used with gray dresses. The prevailing style of bodice for these, seems to be the deep-skirted coat, either single or double breasted; if single breasted they are open on a shirt waist of a contrasting color.

Ladies' cloth, in light weight, will also be in favor for street, visiting, home, dinner and evening wear, with trimmings of velvet, bands of ostrich feathers, gold and silver galloons, embroidery and jeweled passementeries. For street costumes, two shades are combined, the lighter being used for the vest, cuffs and under skirt which is often braided with silver or gold cord.

In cotton goods, ginghams remain the popular fabric, and these come in faint tints of blue, tan or gray, with white cross bars, and a second, or even a third color in hair-lines or narrow stripes. The plaids are from one to three inches, and small checks also form plaids, cross-barred with a thread of contrasting color. The most costly and exquisite of these goods are copies of Louis Quinze brocades in *chine* stripes of flowers and vines on white grounds, alternating with solid stripes of pale rose, sky-blue, mauve or gray.

Sateens come in dark colors, and flowered batistes with lace stripes, while challies show long-stemmed effects, such as are seen in India silks.

The most important part of a lady's toilet is her bonnet, which if not made to look attractive, to harmonize with her face and dress, has the power to completely destroy the effect of the entire costume. Already modistes are beginning to display spring styles, and from the models shown toques and capotes are to be smaller than ever, mere "nothings" so to speak; a bit of fluffy lace combined with a few flowers so natural that they seem as if freshly plucked from their native heath, or gold lace, passementerie or jet ornaments with narrow rouleaux of velvet, lace and flowers. The shapes show but little change from the winter styles, but the trimmings are brought more to the front. Long ends of black tulle, frosted with gold or silver, brought from the back of the hat and fastened loosely under the chin or at the side with a fancy pin, are shown by a leading Fifth avenue house, and will be, as the season advances, very stylish and popular for there is nothing which has such a softening and beautifying effect on the face as lace. Mere bandelets of flowers, with velvet ribbon ties and bows, are suitable for evening wear, only.

No. 905.

Hats show large fronts coquettishly bent here and there in the Gainsborough style, and while pretty to look at are becoming to but very few. Straws show odd shapes like shells, leaves and flower-petals also becoming to but one in a thousand. A large white straw is almost covered with arbutus while in the back, between the hat and the hair, is a little bandeau of gold velvet from which depends a quaint golden net caught up, and letting the hair shine through its meshes. A silver gray straw has pendant clusters of pale lavender wisteria falling on the hair. For spring concerts, is a head-dress that looks like a thorny rose-stem, twisted about the head and then allowed to fasten itself under a cluster of creamy, yellow rosebuds. Black, lavendar, yellow, turquoise, pale green and gray, mignonette, hyacinth, peach or pearl colors to match walking costumes, are the leading colors in millinery.

Another important feature of a lady's toilet is her foot wear. The best styles in shoes are simple and plain, as far as shape is concerned; but in place of large bows, the whole shoe is now decorated. For example, a bronze one had been covered all over with a

No. 906.

double lattice work of closely stitched baby ribbon. For dressy occasions the ooze calf, sometimes called velvet calf, is very fashionable. It derives its name from the fact that the dyes are oozed through the calfskin, which is of a very fine quality. It takes readily all colors, which do not easily fade, but remain fast. It is so becoming and so rich in appearance that it is not strange that it increases daily in favor. It is made up in various colors with satin heels of a contrasting color; it is also made up in handsome low ties for afternoon wear.

No. 907.

Some pretty evening slippers, in tan, gray and black *suede*, are shown with beaded toes and silver straps, which are not only ornamental but keep the slipper firmly on, they being inclined to fit rather loosely around the ankle. Slippers of patent leather have the sharp toe and a pointed tongue over the instep under a strap and handsome buckle. Spider web embroidery on the toes of slippers in gold thread, with a red and gold spider and a bluish fly are among the latest novelties. Black slippers are worked with pink beads, lined with pink, and have a fluted bow lined with the same rosy shade.

The greatest novelty which has yet appeared for bridesmaids is a cream *suede* shoe, entirely covered with embroidered gold stars.

No. 905. Dress for a Girl Ten Years Old.—Material plain wool goods. The skirt is pleated in the back and plain in front; the front is covered with a square apron of the same length and material which is bordered with a braided design. Round, close-fitting bodice, the front ornamented with a braided plastron having three flat folds of the dress goods on each side. The bodice is invisibly fastened under the folds on the left side. Straight collar of velvet. Full sleeves gathered into deep, braided cuffs.

No. 906. Matelasse Jacket.—Our illustration shows a matelasse jacket of black wool with lining of black silk or serge. The high collar, and cuffs are of black velvet also the plastron which extends the entire length of the jacket. The jacket is invisibly closed on the left side by means of a button-hole fly underneath the edge of the front and small buttons set on the vest.

Ornaments of buttons with cords cross the fronts.

No. 907. Child's Frock.—This little frock may be made of flannel or of gingham and other washable materials. The model is of plaided blue and white flannel, feather-stitched with blue silk. It is a simple yoke slip gathered in at the waist by a draw-string. The narrow standing collar, poke, hem and wrist-bands are all ornamented with the feather-stitching. The frock is closed in the back with pearl buttons.

Children's Costumes.—No. 908. The first costume is a dress of pink silk over a foundation skirt of sateen of the same color. The silk skirt is finished with a hem two inches deep above which are three tucks each one and three-fourths inches wide. The skirt is gathered and fastened to a band an inch wide. The waist is gathered at the top and finished with a band of silk about an inch wide, which goes over the shoulders; it is also gathered at the bottom and fastened to the skirt-band, which is concealed by a broad ribbon sash. Short puffed sleeves and bronze kid slippers.

The second costume is a dress of dark blue cheviot with netted insertion of Crimson Berlin wool. The skirt is pleated and the front breadth is trimmed with two rows of netted insertion mounted with a cord piping. The gathered waist has a square yoke composed of stripes of the dress material and netted insertion. The straight collar and waist-band are made of the netted insertion. Full sleeves gathered into deep cuffs formed like the yoke of stripes of the dress goods and netted insertion. A sash of the dress material with a row of insertion across the ends and finished with fringe is fastened to the centre of the waist-band in the back.

No. 908. No. 909.

A WINTER GARDEN.

BY ELIZABETH CRANSON.

"It is my faith that every flower
Enjoys the air it breathes."

Not long since I entered a neighbor's house which was so filled with beauty and fragrance from a low stand of flowers near the window, that I could not but wonder at their loveliness. The winds of January were roaring without, the snow flew in little whirl-winds against the window, but the bright flowers lifted their faces as cheerily as ever did rose of June.

"How do you manage?" I said, for my friend had no conservatory or any special means of taking care of plants.

"Well," she said, "to begin, I do not try to have any of the rarer hot-house flowers, but only the good, old-fashioned kinds, which are hardy and easily cared for. The geraniums, as you see, make up most of my winter garden. This beautiful crimson is my favorite; it is a dwarf, and gives an immense mass of bloom. "Lady Washington" is old and good. This is my latest acquisition. "The Bridesmaid," and I am greatly pleased with its delicate blossom. Geranium slips should be planted in small pots, pinching them, occasionally to make the plants stocky; the flower stems must be kept back until fall, then re-potting them into larger crocks, they will bloom well through the winter. Large pots with a good soil, require watering but twice a week and must be kept in rather a cool room, with plenty of light,—these are the conditions if you would keep them healthy.

"Occasionally, I take all my plants, and setting them in a large tub give them a good shower bath, washing the leaves gently, and turning the crock around as I set it back in its place so that the sun can reach every part.

"I have flowers of some sort all winter, and with the scented leaves of the rose-geranium are always ready to supply a boutonniere at a moment's notice, while my table is never without its bouquet of flowers.

"The Begonias are very desirable house-plants and are almost entirely free from the nuisance of insects. Tea-roses are among my favorites, both for their beauty and fragrance. With them, the question of bloom is only one of growth. Secure healthy plants and make them grow and you are certain of the flowers."

"Here," she said, turning to a small pot over-run with a spreading vine-like plant, "is my especial favorite; I never pass it without rubbing my fingers upon it, or pulling one of the little leaves. See what an exquisite lemon-like taste and fragrance it has. It is the lemon thyme and is one of the daintiest little plants imaginable.

"No, I seldom have any trouble with insects. The best remedy I know of, for them is tobacco, either smoking the plants or using a weak solution as a wash.

"I study the catalogues and manage my house-plants so as to have a constant succession of bloom through the winter; then, early in the spring I begin with my out-door garden, for flowers are a necessity with me and I like to let my winter plants rest through the summer.

"I make up my mind early as to colors and kinds wanted; have my seeds on hand early, and preparing boxes and pans of earth, plant in the house seeds of the kinds which will bear transplanting in order to have early flowers. Among these are pansies, balsams, portulacca, petunias, Drummond phlox and nasturtiums, all good and reliable. A later lot may also be planted out of doors making a succession of blooming for the summer.

"Sweet peas can be planted very early, as soon as the ground thaws enough to put in the seed. If the weather turns very cold after planting, cover the spot with coarse hay or straw, pulling it off again when the sun shines. Treated in this way they will bloom profusely from June till November, if the flowers are cut with a liberal hand. Cut them continually for bouquets and tables and your plants will blossom brighter and better for the pruning.

"Then, too, the children have their "wild flower garden" where the early spring flowers lift their heads before planting time has come. In the sheltered corner of the fence is a row of tall ferns and feathery marsh-grass. Here "Hepaticas" show their pink and blue and white blossoms, sometimes before the end of March. "Wake Robins" with their white three-leaved lilies and broad three-lobed leaves. "Spring beauties" and "Adder's tongues" (don't ask me to be botanical and scientific, we call them all by their common names). Blue, and yellow, and white, violets and the waxen mandrake blossoms of which we make exquisite flat bouquets wired with green leaves. They scent the whole house with their sweet perfume.

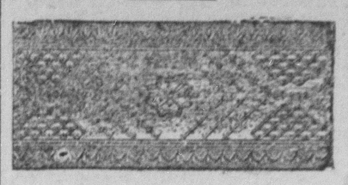
"I cannot tell you all the treasures the little ones bring in from their garden from March till June, when the garden flowers are in bloom and the children's corner begins to be slighted, though they have growing many of the native shrubs which will command admiration by the side of more pretentions and high-priced bushes and plants."

Bread.

To some of the tired ones I will tell my way of bread making. First, all that bother of potato yeast is needless work. In a hollow of your flour put a compressed yeast-cake and a little milk. With your wooden spoon break and mix; add more milk and make a thin batter, which beat ten minutes. Early in the morning add more flour and beat ten minutes. It should be ready to mold soon after breakfast. Now don't double up your fists once, but stir it thick, and open your hands flat and roll it without using any strength until smooth. The longer you roll the nicer it will be.

Misses Kate and Carrie Mann, recent graduates of the Iowa Agricultural College, will put their knowledge to practical use. They are starting a small fruit farm, and will also experiment in raising sugar beets. They propose to do the work themselves.

FANCY WORK.



Trimming for a Child's Dress o Apron.—These light stitches are easily reproduced in wool, floss, cotton or silk, and can be made on a band of any material desired to be used as a trimming.

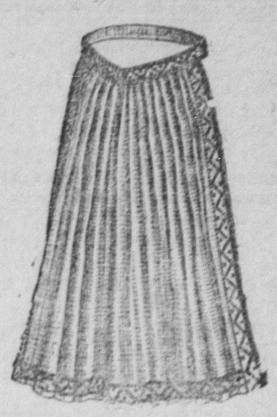
Vinaigrette, Fan Bag and Train Lift.—The great value of many of the fans now carried, as well as the perishable nature of those which are handed down as heirlooms in families, render necessary these pretty fan bags to provide against their destruction when carrying them to the opera or ball.

Design for Tray or Table Cloth.—If this design is used for a Tray Cloth, the entire surface of the linen should be covered with the design; if for a table cloth, the border should surround the cloth and the three unfinished stars in the corner be completed. The corner design should be repeated in each corner. The stars are worked in flat stitch in white floss and outlined with a color. Between the lines, connecting the stars, is a row of small drawn work blocks also in the leaf-shaped figure in the border. This drawn work may be omitted and a very pretty result still be obtained.

The illustration shows a corner for a table cloth worked in cross-stitch. The materials used may be wash silks or embroidery cotton. With this should be used a table scarf worked with the same design, and edged with Russian lace.

Group of Table Mats.

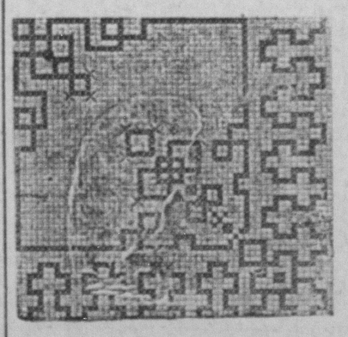
Group of Table Mats. The oval scalloped mat is of white linen; the design being outlined with fine white linen soutache sewed down with button hole stitches in colored washable embroidery cotton. The veining is done in cotton of a lighter shade. The oblong mat is of white linen momie-cloth, with a drawn work border and deep fringe. The embroidered design is done in outline stitch with white linen floss and blue thread. The square doiley is of cream linen with red border lines on each side of a band of drawn work; the corner designs are worked in red and white linen thread.



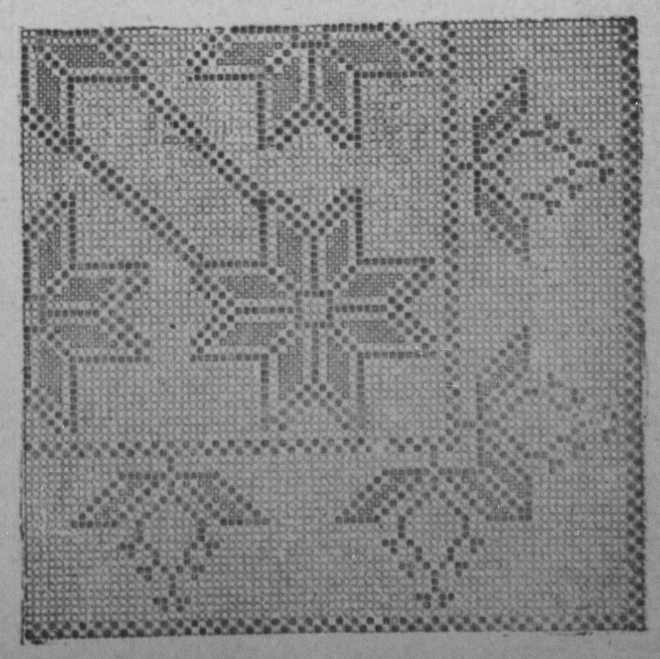
Sewing Apron.—This is made of cream-colored scrim and is a yard wide and twenty-seven inches long. Around the edge is a cross-stitched border worked in washable silk, the pattern of which is shown in No. 000. Each stitch is taken over three threads of the canvas. The border should be worked two inches from the edge, and when finished, the material beyond, turned down and hemmed under it. The top is pleated in side pleats, turned toward the middle, thus reducing the width to nine inches.

Crochet Edge for Under Skirts.—This pretty edge may be made of linen thread or if for a flannel garment, of wool.

For a foundation make 9 ch, the pattern is worked backward and forward, go forward 3 ch, 3d in the next 2 ch, 1 s, in the 5th ch, turn; 3 ch, 14 d, round the 6 ch, 2 ch, 1 d, in the 3rd of the 3 ch, turn; 3 ch, 3d round the 2 ch, five times 2 ch, and 1 d, in the 3rd d, 2 ch, 1 d, in the last foundation mesh, * turn; 5 small curves each of 1 s, 3 d, and 1 s always round the 2 d ch, then round the last 2 ch, a 6th curve only of 1 s, and 3 d, 2 ch, 1 d, in the last of the 3 ch, turn; 3 ch, 3 d round the 2 ch; 6 ch, 1 s, in the 2nd d, of the first finished curve, turn; 3 ch, 14 d, round the 6 ch, 2 ch, 1 d, in the last of the 3 ch, turn; 3 ch, 3 d, round the 2 ch, five times 2 ch, and 1 d, in the 3rd d, 2 ch, 1 s, in the next small curves and repeat from *. The heading to be crocheted in the length, requires 1 row alternately of 1 d and 2 ch.



Corner for a Tray Table Cloth.



Design for a Tray or Table Cloth.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

FRED. KURTZ, EDITOR and PROP'R

TERMS:—One year, $1.50, when paid in advance. Those in arrears subject to previous terms. $2 per year.

Advertisements 20 cents per line for 3 insertions and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

CENTRE HALL, PA., THURS, MAR. 12.

KEYSTONE NOTES.

Items of Real Interest Presented in Condensed Form.

WHAT OUR NEIGHBORS DO AND KNOW.

Gleanings of Importance from All Fields of News, Picked Up Here and There in the State.

Three persons were badly injured in a railroad collision near Scottdale.

Rev. Henry C. Swentzel has publicly declined to be missionary bishop to Japan.

Henry Ruby, who died recently at Chambersburg, was the oldest Mason in the United States.

An unknown man, aged about 30 years, was killed at Sixth and Penn streets, Chester, by a locomotive.

Montgomery county sent Charles Shifer, Fred Hurst and Henry Metz to the Eastern penitentiary as thieves and swindlers.

A letter received by the officers of the First National bank, of Pittston, told the story of a buried treasure near that place, and asked for money to help look the matter up

Miner William Ahern was dragged 100 yards by a chain attached to a runaway mule at Merriam colliery, near Ashland, and may die.

Three men were hurt by a collision between the Fairchance express and the wreck train near Moyer station on the Southwest railroad.

Zerbe & Co.'s colliery at Turkey Run, employing seventy-five men and boys, resumed work Monday morning, after an idleness of six weeks.

The Pittsburg suicide has been recognized as Eva Bloch, of Poland, who was deserted by her lover, and, it is presumed, robbed. The girl is of good family.

George Reese and Albert Weeks, two young boys living at Weatherly, were struck and instantly killed by a train on the Lehigh Valley road near Penn Haven Junction.

An interesting suit has been brought in the Reading common pleas by Mrs. Amelia Long against Valentine Geist, for the recovery of twelve years' wages at the rate of $2.50 a week.

New claimants for the oldest twins are Benjamin and Samuel Mays, the former at Shaefferstown, Lebanon county, and the latter at Miamisburg, O. They are 86 years of age.

For sending slanderous and indecent letters through the Shamokin postoffice to Mrs. Annie Hand and others, Mrs. Ellen Waldroff was arrested and held in $600 bail for the United States court.

The coroner's jury in the Jonesville mine disaster arrived at a verdict. They found that the accident was caused by the inaccurate maps by which the men worked, but held no one responsible.

John Sellers, aged 6, fell into the Schuylkill canal at Reading, and his brother Samuel, aged 8, jumped in to save him. When they were pulled out Samuel was dead and his young brother was revived with difficulty.

Thirteen saws were found in the cells of the Nicely brothers, in the Somerset jail, with which it is supposed they intended to endeavor to escape. The prisoners are to be hanged on April 2 for the murder of Farmer Umberger.

On Sunday the Evangelical churches throughout the state presented in many cases the scene of two ministers trying to occupy the same pulpit. At Slatington Rev. Mr. Newhard, the Bowman appointee, was seized by the chief of police and ordered to sit down or get out. At Reading, in the Sixth Street church, the Bowman followers left the church with the minister and held services in the Hebrew synagogue. At Catasauqua Rev. A. A. Leopold was refused by the trustees the privilege of entering the pulpit, and left the church, followed by his supporters. At the East Liberty church, Allentown, the congregation found that the keyhole had been plugged, and they could not get into the building. Entrance was finally effected through a window. At Bethlehem and Easton the congregations were so pronounced for either Bowman or the anti-Bowmanite conference that no dispute occurred.

Lancaster Licenses.

LANCASTER, Pa., March 10.—The license court met yesterday and granted 197 tavern licenses in the county. The granting of tavern licenses in the city was postponed for a week in order to give the hotel keepers the benefit of the new town bill reducing the fee to $300, should it pass. There were also thirty-three bottlers', brewers', distillers', and liquor store licenses granted. The new stands and old stands against which there are remonstrances were then taken up.

A Crowded License Court.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., March 9.—Judge Metzger held license court here and the court house was literally packed with people interested in the outcome. One hundred and twenty-three licenses were granted for Lycoming county; sixteen were refused and a half dozen held over under advisement.

Acquitted of Murder.

LANCASTER, Pa., March 9.—The jury in the case of Phares Strohl, on trial for the murder of Annie McCloud, with whom he had been keeping company at Akron, this county, by furnishing her with poison with which to commit suicide, rendered a verdict of not guilty.

The Dunbar Company Gives In.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., March 7.—The Dunbar Furnace company proposed to their employes that they return to work at the old wages. All other firms have made the same offer. The big companies are holding out.

Moss Must Die on March 26.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 9.—Unless Governor Pattison interferes George W. Moss, the wife murderer, will have to be hanged March 26. The board of pardons refused to commute his sentence.

MACDONALD'S MAJORITY.

Canadian Papers Still at Variance Over the Figures.

TORONTO, Ont., March 6.—After one of the hottest campaigns of his forty years of political life, Sir John Macdonald has again been returned to power, but with a sadly reduced majority. The majority of 51 which he had when he dissolved parliament is diminished to about 30.

SIR JOHN MACDONALD

OTTAWA, Ont., March 10.—The government here figures out the government majority at thirty-one. Of the three elections still to be held it gives Cariboo and Algoma to the government and Huntington to the opposition. There is a good deal of speculation here as to the probable composition of the new cabinet. The most reliable slate makes no changes in the personnel from the last cabinet except in the cases of Ministers Carling and Colby, who were defeated.

TWENTY LIVES LOST.

A Steamer Believed to Have Foundered on Puget Sound.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 10. —The steamer Buckeye, with twenty passengers and her crew, is reported lost in a gale on Puget sound, between Edmunds and Appletree cove. The Buckeye left Edmunds Sunday morning for Appletree cove, across the sound, eighteen miles distant, taking about twenty passengers, mostly women and children, who went for a pleasure trip. At Appletree cove the Buckeye loaded a cargo of vegetables and started back, but at last accounts had not reached Edmunds and had not been seen by any passing vessel.

A heavy gale blew Saturday night, and being an unseaworthy craft, it is supposed the Buckeye went down with all on board.

Chauncey Depew Under Bail.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The officers of the New York, New Haven and Hartford and the New York Central railroads having been held responsible by the coroner's jury for the tunnel disaster, Coroner Levy issued warrants for their arrest. President Depew, of the New York Central, surrendered himself at the coroner's office and gave bail in $25,000. Cornelius Vanderbilt went on his bond. President Clark, of the New Haven road, and a number of directors also gave bail.

White Caps Seeking Religion.

MT. OREB, O., March 7.—The greatest revival in the history of this place, notorious recently for its White Cap outrages, has been in progress here the last six weeks. The scenes enacted nightly are past description. People stay in trances for days. Two or three are said to have become insane. All children are excluded from the services at night to prevent unpleasant effects on them. The population of the village is 500. Over 200 have professed conversion.

Anna Dickinson Improving.

PITTSTON, Pa., March 9.—Dr. Schultz, of the Danville asylum, writes to Miss Susan Dickinson that her sister, Miss Anna Dickinson, is gradually improving. He says that she eats well and sleeps a good portion of the time, which he regards as good signs. Her entire recovery, he thinks, is only a matter of a few months.

His Name Meant Sour Vinegar.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Frank Saueressig, his wife and five children had their names changed to Seymour. The order was signed by Judge Moore, in the court of sessions, Brooklyn. Mr. Seymour said his family desired to change their name because it subjected them to ridicule. It means sour vinegar.

Ray Hamilton Is Dead.

NEW YORK, March 10.—After taking some evidence concerning Robert Ray Hamilton, Surrogate Ransom gave immediate judgment in the noted contest over the will of Hamilton by Evangeline L. Mann, in which he declared legally that Hamilton is dead, and then admitted the will to probate.

Talmage Gives $65,000.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Of the $250,000 worth of bonds issued in order to take up the indebtedness and finish the new Brooklyn Tabernacle, $65,000 has been subscribed by the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage. Russell Sage, it is said, will exchange his $125,000 mortgage for the same amount in bonds.

Heavy Snow in the West.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Specials received here late last night report heaviest snow storm of the season in progress throughout Iowa and Nebraska. At Burlington, Dubuque and other places railroad traffic is seriously impeded.

The Mitten Drove Him Mad.

DECATUR, Ills., March 9.—Sylvanus R. Copper, aged 48, has been adjudged insane. He fell into the way of a woman to whom he had never been introduced, and when he proposed marriage and was refused he went crazy. He is a widower with two grown children.

Bishop Paddock Dead.

BOSTON, March 10. — Benjamin H. Paddock, Episcopal bishop of the diocese of Massachusetts, died yesterday afternoon. Bishop Paddock was born in Norwich, Conn., Feb. 29, 1828. He was elected bishop in 1873.

Perseverance Rewarded.

NEWBURG, N. Y., March 9.—Miss Elizabeth Griffith and Mr. John C. Riggs, of Nelsonville, Putnam county, N. Y., were married at Carmel, after a courtship of twenty-two years.

Work Resumed on Panama Canal.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The Pacific mail steamer Newport arrived from Colon and brings information that work on the Panama canal has been resumed.

HIS LIFE AT STAKE.

Francis Lingo on Trial for the Murder of Mrs. Miller.

THE VICTIM'S HUSBAND TESTIFIES

The Prisoner Bears Himself Jauntily—Chalkley Leconey an Interested Spectator—Evidence for the Prosecution.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 5.—The scenes that marked the opening of the Leconey trial were repeated at the trial of Francis Burton, or Lingo, the colored farm hand who is charged with the murder of Mrs. Annie Miller.

Judge Garrison presided, with his associates, Judges Hugg, Gaunt and McDowell. Prosecutor Jenkins at once moved the indictment of Francis Burton, alias Lingo, for murder. At this the prisoner was brought in. He was attired in a dark striped suit, a snuff colored spring overcoat, and wore a big canvas hat in his lap. He entered, with a swaggering step, and without bowing at the audience took a seat between his counsel. Lingo's wife, a mulatto girl, copper colored woman with a pock marked face, now came in, and was given a seat on the same bench with Chalkley Leconey.

FRANCIS LINGO.

John Miller's mulatto housekeeper, murdered woman, was placed on the stand.

He arose at daybreak on Sept. 25, the morning of the murder. He hitched up his team and came to Camden for a load of coke that day. He got back home between 4 and 4:30 o'clock. His wife was not home. He never saw her again alive until the next Sunday, when her body was shown him in his house.

How the Body Was Found.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 6.—There was an unusually large attendance of ladies at the Lingo trial yesterday. Chalkley Leconey was one of the first comers.

Annie Carlin, an 11-year-old girl, was called. She knew Mrs. Miller very well, and saw her the day of the murder. She saw her near the school house, and asked her how the bady was. She saw Lingo at the same time. He was across the street, talking with a colored man.

Beulah Kranz, another 11-year-old girl, was the next witness. Beulah testified that she saw Mrs. Miller when the first school bell rang at a quarter of 2. She also saw Lingo that afternoon, about an hour after she saw Mrs. Miller, or at a quarter of 3. This point was regarded as favorable to the defense. She was with Annie Carlin when she saw Mrs Miller.

James Wilton Brown, colored, testified that he and Major Holmes found the body of Mrs. Miller in Mitchison's woods. They found the body a short distance from a road which runs through the woods. It was raining at the time.

Dr. William H. Izard, the county physician, was called. On the afternoon of Sept. 25 he went to Merchantville with Detective Warner. They saw the body.

Dr. Iszard was of the opinion that the woman was killed where found. He testified that Mrs. Miller's throat was cut while she was still alive, and that the blood spurted with a great deal of vigor from the wound. He said he collected the evidence to show that she had been assaulted.

Lingo in the Woods.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 7.—The cross examination of County Physician Iszard was continued in the Lingo trial yesterday. He described the condition of the murdered woman's underclothing and explained the injury on Mrs. Miller's left hand. The wound was between the knuckles of the little and third fingers, and was ragged as though it had been chewed. It extended in to the bone. The doctor thought the wound was caused by human teeth.

Coroner J. G. Stanton was the next witness. He told of the removal of the body and the examination at the Miller homestead. He secured some specimens of certain secretions and turned them over to County Physician Iszard for microscopical examination.

Samuel Wiley, of Camden, a collector for the Provident society, said that on Sept. 25 he had walked out to Matchtown, arriving there about 2:15. He started through the woods. There he met a colored man whom he identified as the prisoner Lingo.

Millie Du Hadway, 16 years, positively identified Lingo as the man she met on the outskirts of the woods on Sept. 25.

Lingo's Shirt Sleeve.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 9.—The state forged another link in the chain of circumstantial evidence against Francis Lingo Saturday. It was a torn blue shirt bearing traces of blood, and which, it is claimed by the prosecution, corresponds with the shirt worn by Lingo on the morning of the murder. The testimony of George Wilson, John Miller's colored hired man, brought out the fact that Lingo wore a blue shirt that morning. Constable David Carlin testified that he found it near the wire fence, near the path leading to the Hampton road.

Lingo Needs an Alibi.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 10.—From present indications the Lingo trial will continue at least ten days longer. The state yesterday produced more testimony to show that Lingo was absent from his work on the day of the murder for about four hours. It was Thomas Young who said this. He employed Lingo to cut corn for him that day. Lingo quit work at noon for dinner and returned about half past 3 or 4 o'clock, and worked until sundown. The cross examination was not without its suggestive value to Lingo. Young said when he hired Lingo the previous day he was given to understand by the latter he would not work full time, because it was important he should see an agent concerning some property he desired to purchase.

Two young women who walked to Merchantville about the time the murder is supposed to have been committed swore they saw a colored man in the bush lot; could not identify him, but described him as dressed in a long black coat, clothes of blue color and wearing a black hat. When asked if she thought she saw the man in the court room Miss Annie Lafferty said she saw a man just like him. Several weeks ago this witness picked out Lingo from amongst six colored men as the man she thought she saw that day.

THE HISTORY OF A WEEK

Wednesday, March 4.

The bill adopting the Australian system has passed the South Dakota legislature, and become a law with the governor's approval.

The Kansas house has passed the senate alien land ownership bill. It provides that non-resident aliens shall not be allowed to acquire or hold real estate.

At Newport News, Chief Engineer Edward Gray, of the British steamship Melbourne, while walking to a companion ship, the Queensland, lost his footing, fell overboard, and was drowned.

Judge Head, in the circuit court at Jasper, Ala., has set aside the verdict rendered by a jury against the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad for $44,500 for killing R. E. Sanders in a collision. A new trial has been ordered.

Thursday, March 5.

The condition of the pope's health causes anxiety.

Charles L. Lord, treasurer of the city of Bayonne, N. J., is dead.

The Arizona legislative council has passed the woman's suffrage bill by a vote of 19 to 2.

A bill granting municipal suffrage to women has passed to the third reading in the Michigan senate.

The Chinese minister denies the story that his government objects to receiving ex-Senator Blair as United States minister.

Captain John J. Boltge, United States shipping commissioner at Baltimore, died of apoplexy while sitting in a chair at home.

At Horse Creek mines in Walker county, Ala., Dr. W. J. Matthews shot his wife five times, killing her instantly. He was jealous and had been drinking.

Lewis Polk, deputy sheriff of Nolan county, Tex., shot and killed W. A. Byrd, the county judge of Scurry county. The men quarreled over a small deal.

Friday, March 6.

Fire in the Grand Opera house at St. Louis did slight damage.

The Minnesota legislature will pass the anti-Pinkerton bill.

The Kentucky Union Lumber company, with a $50,000 plant at Clay City, assigned.

The London Chamber of Commerce passed a resolution favoring ocean penny postage.

Senator Hearst's funeral took place in Washington yesterday with brief and simple ceremonies.

The Nebraska house passed the bill prohibiting free passes to public and all other officials except railroad.

The president of the Argentine Republic recommends an export duty on the principal products of the country in order to swell the revenues of the government.

The Lake Seamen's association of Chicago has decided to affiliate with the International union. This is in the direction of centralization of all seamen's union in the world.

The North Ashland, Pa., one of the Reading company's largest collieries, resumed work after a three months' suspension, thus giving employment to 650 men and boys.

Saturday, March 7.

Balloting for United States senator continued without change at Springfield, Ill.

Jeremiah Van Winkle, for fifteen years city treasurer of Plainfield, N.J., died suddenly at his home in that city.

The Minnesota senate has passed a bill making it a misdemeanor for any female person to wear tights in a public place.

John Oscar Turlington was hanged at Boonville, Mo., for the murder of Sheriff Cranmer, of Cooper county. His neck was broken.

Hon. William Dudley Foulke, who had accepted the presidency of Swarthmore college in Pennsylvania, has decided to rescind the acceptance.

Mr. Simmons, the American sculptor at Rome, has been congratulated by King Humbert upon the completion of his statue of American Republic.

Mr. Leonard Jerome, of New York, was buried in Kensal Green cemetery, London, yesterday. A number of distinguished people attended the funeral.

Monday, March 9.

Yellow fever is said to be spreading in Brazil.

Dan Rice, the ex-clown, will lecture in Brooklyn to-night.

Mary Anderson Navarro advertises the sale of her stage dresses and theatrical properties.

Steam heating methods for passenger cars are being tested by the Western Maryland railroad.

Celestine Kaltenbach, who has just died at Potosi, Ia., was postmaster of that town for fifty-two years continuously.

Texas, in a population of 2,235,525, has 1,741,190 white inhabitants, 492,837 colored, 763 Indians, 727 Chinese and 3 Japanese.

Mrs. Mary Curtiss died recently at Eastford, Conn. She was 91 years old and had never seen a railroad train nor a steamboat.

Mason Shufelt, who goes to Africa to secure a family of pigmies for the world's fair, leaves London on Thursday for Zanibar.

Judge Keyes, for many years the leader of the Republican party in Wisconsin, is dying at his home in Madison. Heart trouble is said to be the cause.

Tuesday, March 10.

The Fayerweather will contest has been settled and the objections withdrawn.

"King" Kelly and Magnate Byrnes discussed baseball in Cincinnati yesterday.

Assistant Postmaster Bedell, of Anaconda, Mont., was arrested for embezzling postal funds.

Dr. Powell reports that Sir John Macdonald is rapidly being restored to his accustomed vigor.

Senator Hearst's funeral train is due in Chicago Thursday afternoon. The funeral will take place Saturday.

Amos F. Learned, who was for twenty-three years the agent in New York of the Associated Press, is dead.

The Yantic has arrived at Fortress Monroe. Her commander reports that he destroyed all known wrecks off Absecon.

Thomas Jewell, the well known aeronaut, died in Springfield, Ills., from the effects of a blow in the stomach given by William Walker, a hack driver.

Work has resumed in full by all the miners in the Monongahela river coal mines. It is expected that the negotiations now under way will result in a final settlement.

THE MARKETS.

Quotations from the Philadelphia and New York Exchanges.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—The market was dull and steady. Pennsylvania was quiet. Lehigh Valley was firm. Lehigh Navigation showed some weakness. Reading was weak and the preference income bonds declined.

Following were the closing bids:

Lehigh Valley....	50¼	Reading g. m. 4s.	78
N. Pacific com...	27¼	Reading 1st pf. 5s	47½
N. Pacific pfd....	72	Reading 2d pf. 5s.	32
Pennsylvania....	59¾	Reading 3d pf. 5s.	23½
Reading.....	14 13-16	H. & B. T. com...	—
Lehigh Navigat'n	46	H. & B. T. pfd....	—
St. Paul.....	59¾	W. N. Y. & Pa..	7¾

The New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, March 9.—State and western flour firm, quiet; low extras, $3.50@4; city mills, $5@5.25.

Wheat—No. 2 red active and unsettled; advanced ⅝@¾c. on stronger cable news and foreigners buying: May, $1.03⅝@1.03⅞; June, $1.07⅜@1.08; July, $1.04⅜@1.03⅝; August, $1.02@1.02⅝; September, $1.03⅝@1.03¼; December, $1.03¼@1.03¾.

Barley—Dull, weak; state, 77½@80c.; western, 75@81c.

Corn—No. 2 dull; ½c. lower, easy; No. 2, 68¼@69¼c.; steamer mixed, 68¼@69c.

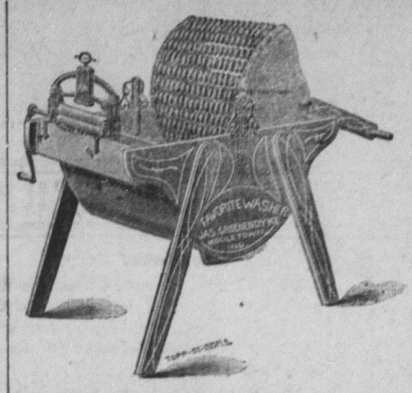
Oats—No. 2 quiet, firmer; state, 55½@62c.; western, 54@57c.

Beef—Steady, dull; extra mess, $6.50@7.25; family, $8.5 @14.50.

Pork—Fairly active, firm; new mess, $10.50@11.25; old mess, $9.75@10; extra prime, $9@$9.50.

Lard—Quiet, steady; steam rendered, $5.67½.

Eggs—Fair demand, firm; state and Pennsylvania, 19c.; southern, 18¾@19c.; western, 19c.; southern, 18@19c.



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For Simplicity, Strength, Durability, Cheapness and Ecodomy, the Improved Favorite Washer is good all through.

Iron Ears Japanned. Galvinized Iron Bottoms makes them rust proof. It has ample capacity. Gives fullest value for every cent it costs. It is worth to you $10, but to introduce will send sample and insure its safe delivery for $5 cash Agents Wanted. Send to the manufacturer and owner.

JAMES GROENENDYKE,
Middletown, Ind.
496m

A VALUABLE AND DOUBLY USEFUL LITTLE INSTRUMENT FOR LADIES.

"DUPLEX" ELECTRO-MAGNETIC CURLER AND CRIMPER.

This is the most *perfect, convenient, useful* and *effective* little toilet article ever invented. It combines a Comb-Curler of superior finish with an improved Tong Crimper, and both parts being Electro-Magnetic, it quickly produces wonderfully pleasing and fashionable results. With its aid the hair can be fixed in any desired style, and when so fixed with this little instrument it retains the effect much longer, and is not even effected by the damp air. *Once tried, always used.*

PRICE, 50c. DR. BRIDGMAN'S OF ALL DEALERS.

¾ SIZE.

It does not break off or ruin the hair like most Curlers and Crimpers, never fails in operation, and is guaranteed to give satisfaction. MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT AS REPRESENTED.

It is for sale by the leading drug, dry and fancy goods trade generally, but if not obtainable in your vicinity we will mail it to any address, post-paid, guaranteeing safe delivery, on receipt of 50c., or five for $2.00. Remit by draft, express, or post-office money order, or currency in registered letter payable to The A. Bridgman Co., 375 Broadway, N. Y. Mention this paper. Agents wanted for Dr. Bridgman's Corsets, Brushes, Belts, and Specialties. Beautiful and popular goods. Most liberal terms.

WHY ARE SOME PEOPLE ALWAYS LATE?

They never look ahead nor think. People have been known to wait till planting season, run to the grocery for their seeds, and then repent over it for 12 months, rather than stop and think what they will want for the garden. VICK'S SEEDS never disappoint, is the verdict from the millions who have planted them. If it is Flower or Vegetable Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, or anything in this line, *MAKE NO MISTAKE* this year, but send 10 cents for *Vick's Floral Guide*, deduct the 10 cents from first order, it *costs nothing*. This pioneer catalogue contains three colored plates, *Grandest Novelties* ever offered, $200 in cash premiums to those sending club orders $1000 cash prizes at one of the State Fairs. Grand offer, chance for all. Made in different shape from ever before; 100 pages 8¼ x 10½ inches. JAMES VICK, SEEDSMAN, Rochester, N. Y.

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9. MATHEMATICS and ASTRONOMY; pure and applied.
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13. PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT; Two years—carefully graded and thorough.

Winter term opens January 7, 1891; Spring term, April 8, 1891. Commencement week, June 28—July 2, 1891. For Catalogue or other information, address

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State College, Centre Co., Pa

And it will cause you to smile when you know you can buy the Boss 14k GOLD FILLED CASE, guaranteed for 20 years with Elgin Movement from $20.00 up, at

G. W. BUSHMANS,
Next door to Bank,
Centre Hall.

FOR SALE.—One gray mare eleven years old good family beast, drives single or double, weighs eleven hundred, for further particulars nquire at this office.

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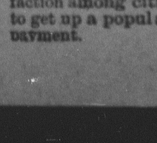
APPLICATION FOR LICENSE—NOTICE is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their petitions for liquor licenses in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions of Centre County, and that application will be made to the said Court on Tuesday, the 3rd day of March, 1891, to grant the same.

Name.	*Kind.*	*Place*
George B. Brandon,	Tavern	Bellefonte, S. W
Daniel Garman,	"	" "
Gotlieb Haag,	"	" "
W. L. Daggett,	"	" W. W.
D. L. Bartges,	"	Centre Hall Boro.
Jacob L. DeHass,	"	Howard Boro.
W. S. Musser,	"	Millheim Boro
George E. Leister,	"	Philipsburg, 2d W.
Wm. Parker,	"	" "
G. A. Walther,	"	" "
Peter Ashcroft,	"	" "
Stephen Sheldon,	"	" "
James Passmore,	"	" "
Thomas J. McDonald,	"	" "
Alois Kohlbecker,	"	Boggs Twp
D. H. Ruhl,	"	Gregg Twp
W. W. Rishel,	"	Penn Twp
J. H. Odenkirk,	"	Potter Twp
Jeffrey Hayes,	"	Rush Twp
Mary C. Nolan,	"	Snow Shoe Twp
John G. Uzzle,	"	Snow Shoe Twp
Henry Robb,	"	Walker Twp
George Diem,	Wholesale Beer	Philipsburg
J. C. Hicklin and G. E. Lamb,	"	"
Rochester Brewing Co,	"	" 2d W
Catharine Haas;	"	Benner Twp
N. W. Eby,	Wholesale Distiller,	Haines Twp
John Mulfinger,	"	Spring Twp

L. A. SCHAEFFER,
Bellefonte, Pa., Feb. 10, 1891, Clerk.

At this season of the year when malaria lurks in the air, and bad colds not an unfrequent visitor we long for a quick and effective remedy. There is scarcely a home without a sufferer from some one of the many ills flesh is heir to. A stimulant is after the intermediator. It is quick and effective. It brings relief and saves doctor bills. We can recommend Mr. Max Klein for anything in the liquor line. His Silver Age Rye at $1.50 per quart is the best whiskey in the market. He will sell any Pennsylvania Rye Whiskey, six year old at $100 for each quart, or six for $5.00. Send for his price list and catalogue and mention this paper. Address MAX KLEIN,
82 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It's NEW and SOLID. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.



Snug little fortunes have been made at work for us, by Anna Page, Austin, Texas, and Jos. Rose, Toledo, Ohio. See cut. Others are doing as well. Why not you? Some earn over $500.00 a month. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $10 a day. All ages. We show you how and start you. Can work in spare time or all the time. Big money for workers. Failure unknown among them. NEW and wonderful. Particulars free. H. Hallett & Co., Box 880 Portland, Maine

Special Announcement.

We have made arrangements with Dr B J. Kendall Co., publishers of "A Treaties on the Horse and his Disease," which will enable all our subscribers to obtain a copy of that valuable work *free* by sending their address (enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) to DR B J. KENDALL CO., ENOSBURGH FALLS, VT This book is now recognized as standard authority upon all diseases of the horse, as its phenomenal sale attests, over four million copies having been sold in the past ten years, a sale never before reached by any publication in the same period of time. We feel confident that our patrons will appreciate the work and be glad to avail themselves of this opportunity of obtaining a valuable book.

It is necessary that you mention this paper in sending for the "Treatise." This offer will remain open for only a short time.

Object to Salary Grabbing.

MINERSVILLE, Pa., March 9.—It has just become known that the town council has been in the habit of voting $172 to each retiring member, and the discovery has created much dissatisfaction among citizens. It is proposed to get up a popular protest against the payment.

EVERY Housewife
EVERY Counting Room
EVERY Carriage Owner
EVERY Thrifty Mechanic
EVERY Body able to hold a brush
SHOULD USE

PIK-RON
A PAINT THAT ONE CAN SEE THROUGH. TRY IT.

WILL STAIN OLD & NEW FURNITURE
WILL STAIN GLASS AND CHINAWARE
WILL STAIN TINWARE
WILL STAIN YOUR OLD BASKETS
WILL STAIN BABY'S COACH
} and Varnish at the same time.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below:

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BELVERNON, Pa., Nov. 27, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:

Gents—I would like to make known to those who are almost persuaded to use Kendall's Spavin Cure the fact that I think it is a most excellent Liniment. I have used it on a Blood Spavin. The horse went on three legs for three years when I commenced to use your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I used ten bottles on the horse and have worked him for three years since and has not been lame.

Yours truly, WM. A. CURL.

GERMANTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1889.

DR. B. J. KENDALL Co.

Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Gents: In praise of Kendall's Spavin Cure I will say, that a year ago I had a valuable young horse become very lame, hock enlarged and swollen. The horsemen about here (we have no Veterinary Surgeon here) pronounced his lameness Blood Spavin or Thoroughpin, they all told me there was **no cure for it**, he became about useless, and I considered him almost worthless. A friend told me of the merits of your Kendall's Spavin Cure, so I bought a bottle, and I could see very plainly great improvements immediately from its use, and before the bottle was used up I was satisfied that it was doing him a great deal of good. I bought a second bottle and before it was used up my horse was cured and has been in the team doing heavy work all the season since last April, showing no more signs of it. I consider your Kendall's Spavin Cure a valuable medicine, and it should be in every stable in the land. Respectfully yours,

EUGENE DEWITT.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. **DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.**

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Hand and Foot Power Circular Saw.

Iron Frame, Steel Shafts and Arbor, Machine Cut Gears, Center of Table made of Iron. Send for Catalogue giving full Description and Prices of our HAND and FOOT POWER MACHINERY.

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DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS are scientifically and carefully prepared prescriptions; used for many years in private practice with success, and for over thirty years used by the people. Every single Specific is a special cure for the disease named.

These Specifics cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the **sovereign remedies of the World.**

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	**Fevers,** Congestion, Inflammations	.25
2	**Worms,** Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	**Crying Colic,** or Teething of Infants	.25
4	**Diarrhea,** of Children or Adults	.25
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11	**Suppressed** or **Painful Periods**	.25
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13	**Croup,** Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	**Salt Rheum,** Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	**Rheumatism,** Rheumatic Pains	.25

SPECIFICS

16	**Fever and Ague,** Chills, Malaria	.50
17	**Piles,** Blind or Bleeding	.50
18	**Ophthalmy,** or Sore, or Weak Eyes	.50
19	**Catarrh,** Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
20	**Whooping Cough,** Violent Coughs	.50
21	**Asthma,** Oppressed Breathing	.50
22	**Ear Discharges,** Impaired Hearing	.50
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24	**General Debility,** Physical Weakness	.50
25	**Dropsy,** and Scanty Secretions	.50
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27	**Kidney Disease**	.50
28	**Nervous Debility** Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges	1.00
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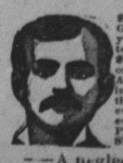

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—A neglected cold, often becomes a *Pneumonia, Bronchitis* or a Consumption Cure it with HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC No Seven. Used with perfect success by thousands.

AN AMERICAN VENICE

The Cumberland Encroaches on the Streets of Nashville.

HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE HOMELESS.

An Unprecedented Rainfall Swells the Rivers of Tennessee and Mississippi at a Rapid Rate—Above the Danger Line at Memphis and Chattanooga.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 10.—With the Cumberland river rising at an unprecedented rate and encroaching rapidly on the lower section of the city, Nashville today looks like an American Venice. But a very damp, dismal and dolorous Venice it is, for between 1,500 and 2,000 people have been obliged to abandon their homes and seek refuge on higher ground.

As viewed from the bridge the river is a vast angry torrent, spreading out over the lowlands. Nearly all the lumber yards are overflowed and in some a considerable loss will result. The river has brought out a vast amount of driftwood, and it is passing the city in great quantities. Merchants are busy removing goods from cellars and warehouses near the wharf to higher ground. It is estimated that between 300 and 500 families in the city have been driven from their homes. At the police headquarters many inquiries for shelter are being made.

The reports from all points on the river show that it is rising everywhere and the fulness of the Ohio and Mississippi will prevent the Cumberland from running down as rapidly as it otherwise would.

Much Rain at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, March 10.—The rainfall in this city and section of the south for the past two days is unprecedented. A dispatch from the adjacent country reports a heavy rain general. The entire lower part of Canton, Miss., is under water, and all trains on the Illinois Central road are delayed. Jackson, Miss., reports the Pearley river as having risen three feet in twelve hours and all trains delayed, no train having arrived from the south since Saturday. The Mississippi at Memphis is one and a half feet above the danger line.

Danger at Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 10.—The Tennessee river at this point has reached the danger line. Experienced river men predict that it will reach at least forty-five feet, which will overflow much of the city in low lying places, cut off several railroads and for a time suspend the operations of several manufactories. The rainfall here for thirty-six hours is three and one-quarter inches and extends up the river and in east Tennessee generally.

Steel Saws in Nicely' Cells.

SOMERSET, Pa., March 9.—About a dozen steel saws, nine inches in length, were found in the cells of Joe and Dave Nicely, the notorious murderers, who are to be hanged April 2. The sheriff is greatly disturbed over the discovery, and is at a loss to account for the saws and file in the murderers' cell. No one but the jail officials have been allowed to see or speak to the condemned men except their attorneys and relatives, and the latter in the presence and hearing of an officer. It is more than probable that the tools discovered were smuggled into the prison by relations of the condemned men.

An Incorrigible Forger.

PITTSBURG, March 9.—A. S. Hodgson, for twenty-five years a trusted employe of Jutte & Co., raised a check on the Central bank from $12 to $1,200. The cash was paid over without question and Hodgson took the first train out of the city. He raised a check Friday from $35 to $1,500 and got the money, but the firm discovered the fraudulent transaction before he had time to leave the city. He confessed, restored the money and was forgiven.

Skunks at Wholesale.

FLEMINGTON, N. J., March 9.—Two Hunterdon county men, Moses Bragg and Cyrus Conover, are about to establish a skunk farm at Pattersontown, about five miles from here. The animals are to be raised for their pelts and the projectors of the enterprise figure out a very handsome profit as possible. The neighboring farmers do not look upon the project with favor and will apply for an injunction.

The President Duck Shooting.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—President Harrison left yesterday afternoon for Benjies, Hartford county, Md., for a few days' duck shooting. His only companion was Charley Beadler, his faithful doorkeeper at the White House, who goes along to act as Cerberus and keep prying reporters away. The president will probably remain at Benjies until Thursday or Friday.

Congress Adjourns.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The Fifty-first congress adjourned sine die at noon today, after passing all the regular appropriation bills, the copyright, subsidy shipping and French spoliation bills. With Mr. Burrows in the chair of the house, Mr. McKinley offered a vote of thanks to the retiring speaker. Mr. Mills called for the yeas and nays and the resolution was passed by a party vote—152 to 116.

Al. Johnson Sells Out.

CLEVELAND, March 10.—Last night a deal was completed between Albert L. Johnson and J. Palmer O'Neil, of the National League, whereby the former sells out for $40,000 cash all his property in baseball. This includes the contracts with Cincinnati and Cleveland players, the ground leases in both cities and all other things connected with the national game.

Eight Fainted in Church.

NORWICH, Conn., March 9.—Yesterday morning several persons were prostrated by coal gas during services in the Lutheran church. Rev. Mr. Schaeffer was the first affected and one more present followed until eight fainted. They were taken to their homes and soon recovered.

To Succeed Senator Hearst.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 10.—Balloting for United States senator to succeed the late George Hearst begins today. The candidates are Morris Estee, ex-Congressman George E. Felton, George H. Bonebrake, ex-Governor George C. Perkins, Gen. N. P. Chipman and ex-Senator A. P. Williams.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE

How the Wheels of Government Revolve at Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, March 3.—In the house Mr. Burdick, of McKean, called up his resolution placing his oil bill on the calendar, and a long discussion ensued. The resolution was defeated by a vote of 84 yeas to 97 nays.

HARRISBURG, March 4.—In the house Mr. Fow, of Philadelphia, introduced a bill establishing a license court in Philadelphia, defining its power and duties.

The calendar of bills on third reading and final passage was taken up. Mr. Riter's bill limiting to $5,000 per year the amount of the collateral inheritance tax to be retained by registers of wills passed finally by a vote of 110 to 64. The bill to tax anthracite coal lands and to create a fund for the relief of persons injured, maimed or killed in the employ of individuals, firms or corporations engaged in mining anthracite coal also passed finally by a vote of 109 to 54.

Senator Porter introduced a bill defining the status of fraternal societies paying benefits upon the sickness or death of their members by mutual assessment, and exempting them from taxation and from the supervision of the insurance commission.

There was an interesting debate on the bill to prevent the sale of intoxicating drinks on Decoration day. Speeches in support of the bill were made by Senator Snowalter, of Butler, and Senator Lloyd, of Cumberland. The measure was passed by a vote of 28 to 10.

HARRISBURG, March 5.—In the senate Mr. Robinson arose to a question of privilege and read an editorial which claimed that he would have to resign either his seat in the state senate or his position as congressman. Senator Robinson made a carefully prepared speech, in which he said that he proposed to remain in the senate until the expiration of his term. His position, he said, gave satisfaction to his constituents and himself. They do not desire Delaware county to be unrepresented when legislation affecting the interests of that county might arise at any time. He quoted a number of precedents to establish the justice and wisdom of the position he had taken. The senator said that his original intention was to resign on March 4, but an examination of the authorities convinced him that he would not become a member of congress until he took the oath of office.

The senate by a vote of 21 to 9 refused to confirm the nomination of Henry C. Deming to be quartermaster general. The act reimbursing the several counties of the commonwealth for the re-erection of county bridges which were swept away by the flood of 1889 was passed finally.

In the house Mr. Johnson stirred up the committee on education, charging them with neglect of duty in failing to report the bill for free text books in public schools. The first section of the liquor bill, which allows the successful applicant for a liquor license to obtain his bondsmen within the county, instead of confining him to the ward or district as under the present system. The second section, which seeks to place at $500 the retail license fee in third class cities, the amount contemplated in the Brooks bill, but which was made $500 by a decision of the court, was agreed to without a division, and the bill passed second reading.

HARRISBURG, March 6.—The house committee on education cleared its docket and reported all the bills it has had under consideration. The free text book bill introduced by Mr. Elwood was reported affirmatively. The two other free text book bills introduced by Mr. Johnson (Luzerne) and Mr. Little were reported with negative recommendations. Mr. Fow's supplement to the blue laws of 1794 was reported negatively by the committee on vice and immorality.

The calendar of bills on second reading was taken up and a number of bills passed, including the bill introduced by Mr. Stewart to prohibit sparring or boxing matches for money. The act amending the revenue tax law, increasing from one-third to one-half the amount of state tax to be returned to the counties. The employers' liability act passed second reading. The bill holds employers liable for injury to employes caused by negligence of superintendents or others in authority over workmen.

The governor sent in the name of Walter W. Greenland, of Clarion county, to be quartermaster general. The senate went into executive session and promptly confirmed the nomination.

HARRISBURG, March 5.—The house adopted Mr. Branson's resolution complaining of the English sparrow as a destroyer of buds and blossoms and directing the speaker to appoint a committee to investigate the subject. The resolution was afterward laid on the table. The bill requiring real estate title insurance companies to set aside a reserve fund was favorably reported. The bill to permit the catching in nets of eels, catfish, suckers and perch was defeated. The calendar of bills on first reading, which was very lengthy, was cleared, and the house adjourned until 8 o'clock Monday evening.

Miners Win a Costly Victory.

PITTSBURG, March 7.—The long strike of the coal miners of the Monongahela Valley has ended in a complete victory for the men. The operators met here and decided to concede the demands of the strikers for an advance in the mining rate of one-half cent per bushel and resume work on Monday. The strike was one of the longest and most determined ever known in this section. It lasted ten weeks and the 6,000 lost in wages alone over $1,000,000. The absence of this great sum of money in the Valley caused great inconvenience and actual suffering.

Philadelphia's Costly City Hall.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—A statement was issued by the building commission, showing that the actual cost of the Public buildings up to the present time has been $14,119,579.27. The building is still in an unfinished state, not more than one-third of the 600 rooms in it being in use. City councils have become stirred up over the matter. The building commission is answerable only to the legislature, and the councils have passed resolutions asking the legislature to abrogate the commission.

A Point for Bowman.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., March 7.—Bishop Bowman received a telegram stating that the court had confirmed his appointment in the Iowa conference by issuing a permanent injunction against his opponent.

A Cut in Wages.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., March 7.—The Adelaide Silk mill reduced the wages of heavy grade ribbon weavers 10 per cent.

CLOTHING AT COST.

OVER $30,000 OF CLOTHING AT COST!

Owing to the increase of our Dry Goods business, we are obliged to abandon our Clothing Department and have decided to close out the entire stock.

Everything must be sold. We mean exactly what we say.

Greatest Sacrifice Ever Offered!

JOSEPH'S,

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- Harper & Kreamer -

Are now carrying the largest stock of general merchandise of any store in the valley and are daily adding new lines to their stock of goods. The

:o: DRY :o: GOODS :o:

department is abundantly supplied with fall and winter wear, purchasing to supply the wants of customers. A large stock of

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

has been received and are open for the inspection of the people. We are making a specialty of clothing and carry a fine assortment, and at prices that will startle you and convice you that we can suit you. Call and inspect it.

Harper & Kreamer's.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

When our Office Cat begins its mews,
Then expect important news.

FIVE CENTS WORTH of Breaker Powder (high estimate) will cure Cock or Hen of Pips, Gaps or cholera. At a low value the bird is worth 30 cents. Percentage of profit, 500 per cent.

TEN CENTS WORTH of Breaker Powder (high estimate) will cure a 16-pound turkey, worth [low estimate], $2. Profit, 1900 per cent.

CAN of Breaker Powder, worth a quarter a can (high estimate,) will save a 400-pound porker worth (low value) $24. Profit, 7400 per cent.

IT'S LIKEWISE the best remedy on earth for horses, cattle and mules. It's worth a quarter a can, or 1 9-16 cents a tablespoonful. Set your own value on your own animal and see what the percentage of profit it will be.

Compounded by the Breaker Remedies Co., Hazleton, Pa. Ask your dealer for it.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect December 14, 1890.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

9.27 a. m.—Train 14. (Daily except Sunday.) For Sunbury, Willkesbarre, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 3.15 p. m., New York, 5.50 p. m., Baltimore, 3.10 p. m., Washington, 5.55 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all sea-shore points. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

1.30 p. m.—Train 8. (Daily except Sunday.) For Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.50 p. m., New York, 9.35 p. m., Baltimore, 7.45 p. m., Washington at 8.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.45 p. m.—Train 6. (Daily.) For Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m., New York at 7.10 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.00 a. m.

1.29 a. m.—Train 4. (Daily.) For Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.50 a. m., New York, 9.20 a. m., Baltimore, 6.20 a. m., Washington, 7.30, a. m. Pullman sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.36 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

10.23.—Train 15. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

2.02 p. m.—Train 11. (Daily except Sunday.) For Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Rochester.

5.54 p. m.—Train 1. (Daily except Sunday.) For Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

9.15 p. m.—Train 21. (Daily) For Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR MONTANDON FROM EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15 leaves New York 12.15 night, Philadelphia 4.30 a m, Baltimore 4.45 a m, Harrisburg 8.10 a m, (Daily) arriving at Montandon 10 23.

Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 8.50 a m, Washington 8.10 a m, Baltimore 9.00 a m, Willkesbarre 11.17 a m, (Daily except Sunday) arriving at Montandon 2.02 p m, with parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 1 leaves New York 9.00 a m, Phila., 11.40 a m; Washington at 10.50 a m, Baltimore at 11.45 a m, Wilkesbarre 3.12 p m, (daily except Sunday) arriving at Montandon at 5.54 p m, with through passenger coaches from Phila. and Baltimore.

Train 21 leaves New York 2.00 p m, Philadelphia 4.25 p m, Washington 2.30 p m, Baltimore 4.32 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon 9.15 p m.

Train 3 leaves New York at 8.00 p m, Philad. 11.25 p m, Washington 10.00 p m, Baltimore 11.20 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon at 5 26 a m, with through Pullman sleeping cars from Phila., Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Daily Except Sunday.

Westward. P M	A.M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	Eastward. A M	P.M.	P M
2 15	10 25	5 50	Montandon	9 20	1 50	5 45
2 25	10 35	6 20	Lewisburg	9 10	2 00	5 35
2 35		6 30	Biehl	9 00		5 25
2 40		6 35	Vicksburg	8 55		5 20
2 50		6 45	Mifflinburg	8 48		5 10
3 05		7 00	Millmont	8 27		4 55
3 14		7 08	Laurelton	8 17		4 46
3 48		7 43	Paddy Mountain	7 43		4 12
4 00		7 55	Coburn	7 30		4 00
4 08		8 01	Zerby	7 21		3 52
4 17		8 10	Rising Spring	7 12		3 43
4 25		8 18	Penn Cave	7 03		3 35
4 30		8 24	Centre Hall	6 58		3 28
4 37		8 32	Gregg	6 51		3 22
4 43		8 37	Linden Hall	6 43		3 16
4 48		8 42	Oak Hall	6 38		3 11
4 52		8 46	Lemont	6 34		3 07
4 57		8 51	Dale Summit	6 29		3 03
5 06		9 00	Pleasant Gap	6 19		2 53
5 10		9 04	Axemann	6 14		2 49
5 15		9 10	Bellefonte	6 10		2 45

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 10.00 a m, 1.15 and 7.30 p m, returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 9.35 a m, 1.35 p m, 6.00 p m, and 7 45 p m.

CHAS. E PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pas'ger Ag't.

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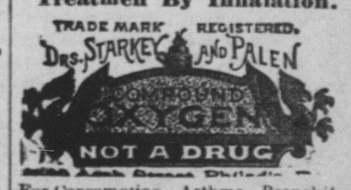
Treatmen By Inhalation.



For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchit Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and all Chronic and Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen *magnetized*, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen have the liberty to refer to the following named well known persons who have tried their treatment;

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Rev. Victor L. Codrad, Ed Luth. Observer, Phila
Rev. Chas. W. Cushing, D. D., Rochester, N. Y.
Hon. Wm. Penn Nixon, Ed. Inter-Ocean, Chicago
W. H. Worthington, Ed. New South, New York.
Judge H. P. Vrooman, Quenemo, Kan.
Mrs. Mary Livermore, Melrose, Mass.
Mr. E. C. Knight, Philadelphia.
Mr. Frank Siddall, Merchant, Philadelphia.
Hon. W. W. Schuyler, Easton, Pa.
E. L. Wilson, 833 Broadway, N. Y., Ed. Ph. Photo.
Fidelia M. Lyon, Waimea, Hawaii, Sandwich Is.
Alexander Ritchie, Inverness, Scotland.
Mrs. Manuel V. Ortega, Fresnillo, Zacatecas, Mex
Mrs. Emma Cooper, Utilla, Span. Honduras, C A
J. Cobb, Ex-Vice Consul, Casablanca, Morocco.
M. V. Ashbrook, Red Bluff, Cal.
J. Moore, Sup. Police, Blanford, Dorsetshire, Eng.
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"*Compound Oxygen—its Mode of Action and Results,*" is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

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FOR MEN ONLY!

VIGOR AND STRENGTH For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD: General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Older or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD Fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) Free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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can be earned at our NEW line of work, rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new lead, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

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Short-Lived Love.

He that loves a rosy cheek,
Or a coral lip admires,
Or from star-like eyes doth seek
Fuel to maintain his fires;
As old time makes these decay,
So his flames must waste away.

But a smooth and steadfast mind,
Gentle thoughts and calm desires,
Hearts with equal love combined,
Kindle never-dying fires.
Where these are not I despise
Lovely cheeks, or lips, or eyes.

No tears, Celia, now shall win
My resolved heart to return;
I have searched thy soul within,
And find naught but pride and scorn;
I have learned thy arts and now
Can disdain as much as thou.
Some power in my revenge convey
That love to her I cast away.

NATELLA.

There was genuine welcome in the delicate voice.

"Theodore, Pauline, dear girls. How glad, how very glad I am to see you."

"Cousins, this is charming."

A tall young man courteously kissed their hands.

The house was a mansion at the South.

"Jetty, stop that whistling and run in to mammy."

The prettiest little darkey imaginable, laughed the jolliest laugh; put his dusky hands to the rich soil and began turning somersaults out of sight.

"Jetty, you Jetty," called Taute; but the little woolley head, unmindful, spun by.

"Now, girls, come," and linking her arm in those of her two tall nieces, Taute led the way through the great hall, and up the wide staircase to their rooms, where, with a parting kiss, she left them.

"Theo!"

The fair-haired sister turned slightly.

"Theo!"

Pauline dropped her gloves, hat, jacket on the sofa.

"Are we dreaming?"

Thoughtfully. Theo deftly made a tight bunch of her gloves, and with a precision worthy of herself tossed them direct in the face opposite. "I'm not, but perhaps you are."

Pauline started. The words were scornfully spoken. Moving over to the window, quietly, she rested her hands on its ledge and leant far out. Her sister, in the room, began hastily setting things to rights.

The day was one of exquisite beauty. The air, heavily laden with acacia sweetness stirred but slightly. Pauline, wearily brushing away her clinging hair, as one dreaming, rested, motionless, at the window. Day was passing into night. The bushes, the trees, thickly clustering, dotted the large garden with their heavy shadows. The thick foliage of the trees, stirred by the slight breeze, rustled softly. A great acorn leaf swept timorously the soft cheek pressed to the hard wood of the window, swept it again and again. The old tree close to the house, and shading many of its rooms, could, by stretching far out the long, slender branch, keep the leaf tapping gently. The girl's blue eyes were opened wide, but she seemed to notice nothing. The long journey had tired her unduly. She was resting. A parrot, she heard him chatter, chatter, tiresome bird, in the room above. Acorns dropping, she heard them plainly, one, two; two, one. The birds everywhere were singing, each a different song. What a rustling they did make among the leaves!

Fighting—some five or six were busy at it, swirling in now great circles, then small ones, and at each other. So close they came to the head below them that the air they make raffled all her hair. But still she moved not. The birds, on the ground beneath the window, wildly chirped as they pecked for worms. She heard the slow heavy tread of some one walking through the grass. Looking sharply, she saw plainly, a powerful negro coming to the house. "A slave;" she breathed the word. He neared the house, stooped and entered a side porch. A straw hat drawn low over his forehead had kept his face from view. But instinctively she knew it was a fine one. A figure, graceful, slight, came hurrying by. Pauline, leaning out still further, waited.

"Natella?"

The figure stood motionless. The shapely head moved eagerly from side to side, then drooped. When, as a low note of a bird, came the words, "pas maintenant."

"Natella, look up! Here I am."

Pauline laughed at the fright, the surprise in the great eyes raised to hers. A smile of wonderful sweetness was on the red lips in a moment.

"Ah, missy! Welcome! Welcome!"

"See, Natella, Taute had written so much about you that I knew you at once. You were not with the other servants when we came?"

"No, missy, one of the pickaninnies was sick and I staid with it."

"Natella, is you comin'?"

"Go on," Pauline said.

With a low bow of her head she turned away.

"Beautiful! She is far, far lovelier than I had ever thought. A creole! a slave! Can it be possible!" She felt suddenly chilled.

Under the window it was Harold she now saw walking, with his long, easy strides. He was out of sight in a moment. But still she heard the sounds of his spurs clinking, the whirling of his riding whip, still saw the tiny light gleaming like a fire-fly on his finger, and remembered the ring with the solitare Taute had given him recently.

"Are you sick? What is it? Pauline, do you hear?"

Theo shook her roughly. "Supper? Did you say it was ready?" But her sister had left the room.

"Have I been dreaming, or what is it? I feel strange, strange."

She dashed the cold water from the basin again, yet again, over her face.

"Homesick?" The laugh which followed had a tremor in it. Pauline was barely sixteen.

Down stairs, in the high-ceiling dining-room, with its armor and stiff-backed chairs, seated at the table, the family waited for her. The supper was long and merry. Taute and Pauline talked together, while Theo and Harold made the slender glasses quiver with the merriment of their laughter. The low windows were opened wide, and from her seat Pauline looked out at the dark moving bushes and saw the stars gleaming sharp in the heavens. She noticed as she sat more quiet than the others—was she not the youngest of them all?—that the kind eyes of Taute rested with a look of love on Theo and on Harold. "She is thinking they will marry," Pauline thought.

The supper was ended, and only too soon the evening had gone, when the first night in a Southern land for these girls from a distant clime, visiting the home of their father and his fathers, had passed. Pauline and her sister, when mounting the stairs to their room, were stopped by their aunt, calling:

"Girls, she said, coming into the hall, "I have told Natelle she is to wait on you. So take her as your own. You will find she is useful."

Taute smiled graciously. She had given them her favorite maid. As Theo blew out her candle that night, some hours later, she startled her sister from her sleep by asking sharply:—

"Do you know who this girl is Taute makes so much of? The one she calls Natella?"

Pauline raised herself on her elbow. "No, but I shall to-morrow," fell back between the pillows and slept.

Under an acorn tree, not the one by the window, but another in the depths of the garden, Taute, Theo and Pauline, were seated. Along the winding carriage road leading from the house, Harold Graham was passing. The party under the tree noticed and admired the handsome, proud rider. As he turned a corner and bowed for the last time, Taute looked up at her young niece.

"You have fallen in love with Natella, I hear."

"Yes, both Theo and I are anxious to know all about her."

Folding her white hands on her lap, with the delicate white lace falling about them, Taute, with a smile, began slowly. "I brought her up from a baby. She was pretty even then and most lovable. Her mother was a seamstress of mine, and died leaving only this child. She is exceedingly bright. Ask her whatever you wish, and you will see she can do it."

Then raising her eyes looked full in the face softly outlined by the silvery hair.

"Why?" she asked, "does she seem so terribly sad; in a deep melancholy I should call it?"

"Sad? do you think she is sad? I'm afraid I have been making myself believe I only imagined it. For Harold didn't seem to notice, and Harold is very observant."

The uneasiness in the hesitating voice ceased.

"Her health is perfect, and she is so proud that never for a moment would she think of a negro on the place, although they all worship her. There is Pierre, the handsomest of negroes, who loves her devoutly, but she Pierre——"

Taute laughed gayly. * * *

During the weeks which now followed there were balls and parties without number given to Mrs. Graham's nieces. It mattered not at what late hour the girls returned home, always seated by the burning logs of the open fireplace waiting for them, either sewing or dozing, was Natella, a brilliant picture but a setting of lurid gold. The time had come now when the visit must end. It was the night before their departure, when the greatest event of the year took place, when the negroes' ball was at hand.

Candles had been lighted and placed in the wide drawing-room in every conceivable corner. By the order of Taute all the female revellers were to come to that room and show themselves. "To amuse you girls," she said to them.

A dress of pure white had been made especially for the beauty of them all. Natella was to be simply resplendent. Pauline and Theo were to see to the finishing touches. At an early hour knocks fell on the drawing-room door, and the black laughing faces peeped in to see if missus and the young ladies were there. Such giggling, high merriment, wild laughing, and outbursts of singing, made the room shake its sides in sympathy, and the very mirrors to reflect from all corners the grimaces and proud turnings. But they were all sent out at last, and Natella summoned. She entered the room stately and so soberly as usual, her regular features looking like marble. The laughter died slowly from Taute's lips. Her glasses were suddenly in need of a wiping. With trembling fingers Pauline and Theo pinned here and shook there the white dress on the motionless figure.

"Look at yourself, child!" It was the voice of Taute sounding strangely severe. Natella moved at once to the room and stood still. The large mirrors on all sides flashed her back a proud, dazzling picture. She seemed to be in every spot, to fill the great room and crush the silent watchers out. Jetty tumbling in broke the spell. The carriage was at the door. Taute had given them the family barouche. The crunching of the horses' feet on the gravel, the screaming and laughing of the gathering revellers were now plainly heard. Taute rose and, leaning on her nieces, went out to the veranda to see them off. Seated on his high box Pierre, the coachman, the finest negro of them all, held the prancing horses well in hand.

"Git in, you chilens of Ham, git in," he called in a voice of iron. They obeyed at once. Pierre gathered the reins together and raised his whip, turning then he scanned the dusky faces. Mammy, the black cook, watching him, called out impatiently:

"Sake's alive, honey, wher's that gal Natella?"

Harold had been leaning nonchalantly eyeing the scene on a veranda pillar by the side of Pauline.

Without looking round she spoke to him as mammy called. "Harold, will you find Natella?"

"She has not been here for some time." It was her sister's voice hushed and close to her ear. But even as she spoke a white form rushed by them, was pulled into the carriage, and the horses had dashed off.

"Thodore, Pauline, come in, we are going to have a storm."

Taute stood in the doorway. They went up to her and drew her in. Already the wind was banging doors. The night was of a pitchy blackness. Pauline, in her dark dress, was not visible on the veranda where she stood. A strong blast of wind coming suddenly buffeted against her. Frightened she turned to enter the house, when, in one breathless second, she could not move.

Leaning up against the pillar where he had been before was Harold, with a face of fearful anguish. His head was bared and fallen, was a look of deep despair. His eyes sought beyond the veranda, cutting the very blackness with their intensity, and yet with a distant look about them. His lips, tightly compressed, were blanched, as were likewise the cheeks, the brow, above them. The only hand she saw hung stiffly by his side; between the fingers of which was crushed a half smoked cigar. She tried to speak, to walk, but could not, when, with a mighty effort, she made her way to a door near by, sprang up the stairs and sank exhausted on the floor of her room. She lay there how long she knew not, trembling, with that suffering face before her, when she crept to bed. Her sister coming in later was surprised to find her sleeping.

Why had she deserted them this their last night, when they had been so jolly, and Harold had kept them laughing with his songs?

Theo smiled as she thought. When at last she slept, Pauline opened wide her eyes and stared at the darkness.

"Harold, what was the matter with him? What did it mean? That dream, how plainly she remembered it; the first night there by the window." She shivered. How cold she was! Theo! would she wake Theo? She lay and thought. An hour passed. She had slept and awakened; it was about midnight.

She slept again and, waking, found the darkness half gone. Her wrapper lay on a chair close by. Under the blanket, even, she was shivering; and it looked warm. She rose and wrapped it about her, went to the window and looked out. Listening there she heard voices in the distance. They came from the negroes' quarters, so she knew they had returned. She tried to leave the window to go to bed but something held her. The half light was painful to her eyes and, shielding them with her hand, she waited for the sun to burst. She would see it for the last time in all its splendor in the Southern land. A gleaming bit of white stuff caught her sight. It appeared to be wound around the tree's trunk.

Some remnant of the ball, she thought. She still was looking at it when the sun directed her powerful rays full upon it—on a face with eyes wide open meeting it unflinchingly — on parted lips and still brow. With a cry which woke her sister, Pauline pointed to the dead face of Natella, staring at her—at the sun.

The birds had begun their fighting and their songs. The acorns still were dropping and the leaf swept not the cheek of Pauline but the cold glass of the closed window, and seemed to mind not.

The servant knew nothing, and could but sob and wring their hands. "Lord, Almighty! Lord, Almighty!" was their refrain. Taute sternly, with the tears running down her cheeks, questioned separately one and all as they gathered together in the drawing-room. Up-stairs was the doctor. He now came and, with his hand resting on the door, bowed to Taute.

"The girl has been poisoned. She was overtaken, my dear lady, without doubt, by the spasms in the spot where she was found. As the servants tell me, she left them apparently well at their quarters to come to her room in the house."

The doctor bowed solemnly and was shown out. Taute motioned the frightened group away. "No crying, no screeching, near this house." She said it fiercely as they went by.

"Taute, dear, but it is better we should leave to-night, for you see how excited Pauline is, and the change is necessary at once for her."

Theo stroked the white hand gently. "Yes," the answer came sadly. "Pauline is not herself."

Harold went with them to the station, and Pauline wondered why it was that no one saw, as she did, how old and harsh looking he had grown.

"Harold," they were standing alone together at the station. "Harold," I found this in the cushion of the carriage coming here. He caught her hand which held the ring and pressed it tightly. His face was turned from hers. The ring pierced her cruelly, and involuntarily he exclaimed: "Cousin, sweet little cousin, a thousand pardons and as many thanks."

The ring was on his finger. His hat was close drawn over his eyes. The train coming in, Pauline hastened for the last time to bid good-by to Taute.

"Your ear, dear, give it to me. I must whisper." She drew her down.

"Pierre, you know Pierre, my handsome coachman. He has not been seen since last night, and I heard he was in a bad temper at the ball because Natella proudly refused to dance with him. He must have mixed the poison at the supper. Natella, my beautiful Natella," and weeping bitterly Pauline left her, with the curtains of her carriage closely drawn.

Harold Graham, a week after the girl's departure, sailed for Europe, to be gone for several years. Taute, dear soul, was broken-hearted about it, as well as—Theo.

Professor Miall says that there are to be found associated with seams of coal, and especially with the underlying shale, the flattened impressions of creatures which once had life, though at first strenuously denied.

Paint which has become dry and hard may be removed by rubbing the spot with oxalic acid diluted with water. Try a weak solution first, and if it does not remove the stain, increase the strength.

A process has been recently introduced for making phosphoric acid and mineral phosphate for slag—especially the slags produced by the Bessemer and Siemens processes. These phosphates are of course valuable as manure, especially as guano is said to be becoming scarcer.

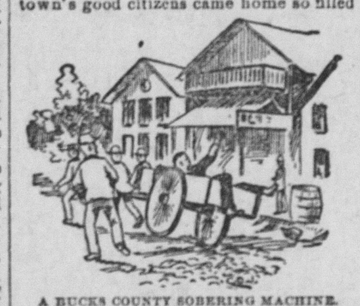
A SOBERING MACHINE.

Bucks County, Pa., Has a Scheme for Reforming the Jolly Good Fellows.

The winter crop of tramps in Bucks and Montgomery Counties is so abundant this year that ordinary measures for driving them out have proved futile, and the county authorities are studying how best they may dispose of the troublesome vagrants. On account of the extremely mild winter the tramps who usually seek a warmer clime in the cold months are hovering about the comfortable barns and haystacks in Bucks and Montgomery Counties, and are lodging also in the railroad stations and conveniently open freight-cars. The sober vagrants are troublesome enough, but the hundreds of intoxicated tramps are even worse to deal with, and they not only defy the orders to "move on," but also threaten violence to country folks whose farms they invade.

An old-time Bucks County farmer has suggested that a revival of the sobering machine that did effective work in Doylestown thirty or forty years ago might have a wholesome influence on the hordes of tramps and make them shun Bucks County as they would flee in terror from soap and water. Not many of the present generation in Doylestown are familiar with the sobering machine, but men who lived there in the '50s and early '60s readily remember the unique apparatus, and probably there is more than one man in Doylestown to-day who would hesitate to tell how well he recalls the old sobering machine.

The famous mechanism was nothing more nor less than the shafts and front wheels of a light wagon gear, with a big wooden box fastened firmly upon the axle, making a rough kind of a cart. The machine was kept in a convenient dark alley, and whenever one of Doylestown's good citizens came home so filled



A BUCKS COUNTY SOBERING MACHINE.

with ardent spirits that he could not handle himself the machine was run out from its hiding place, the tipsy man was seized and dumped upon his back in the box, and with three or four burghers at the shafts he was given a ride over the rough streets that was enough to shake every drop of liquor out of him and make him a soberer and wiser man.

This heroic treatment was oftenest applied to intoxicated strangers, but the moral influence of the machine was all-powerful in preserving the sobriety of the townspeople. The circumstances now are such that many Bucks and Montgomery County men believe it would be well to revive this old-time moral institution.—*Philadelphia Record.*

A Region of Perpetual Frost.

The altitude of the Stevens mine on Mount McClellan (Cal.) is 2,500 feet. At the depth of from 60 to 200 feet the crevice matter, consisting of silica, calcite, and ore, together with the surrounding wall rock, is a solid frozen mass. McClellan is one of the highest eastern spurs of the snowy range. It has the form of a horseshoe, with a bold escarpment of feldsparic rock nearly 2,000 feet high, which in some places is nearly perpendicular.

In descending into the mine nothing unusual occurs until a depth of eighty or ninety feet is reached, when the frozen territory begins and continues for over 200 feet. There are no indications of a thaw summer or winter.

The whole of the 200 feet of frozen walls is surrounded by massive rocks. The miners being unable to excavate the frozen material with pick and drill in the usual way, found that the only way to mine in this peculiar lode was to kindle a huge fire against the "face" of the tunnel, and in the morning take out the ore that had been thawed loose during the night.

In fact, this was the only mode of mining used while going through the frozen belt some ten or fifteen years since. The tunnel is now many hundred feet deep, and still there is no diminution of the frost. There is, so far as can be seen, no opening or channel through which the frost could possibly have reached such a depth from the surface. Besides this there are many other mines in the same vicinity in a like frozen state.

The theory is that the rock was deposited in glacial times, when there was cold enough to freeze the very earth's heart. In at case the mine is an ice-house, whose stores have remained unthawed for at least 80,000 years.

The phenomenon is not uncommon or inexplicable when openings can be found through which a current of air can pass; but cases which, like the Stevens mine, show no opening for air currents must be referred to imbedded icebergs of the glacial period.—*Baltimore American.*

A Bad Hand.

The widow had just said no.

"Life is a game," said Mr. Upso Downes, reflectively. "I thought it was drawn, and I drew for a queen, but it seems to be eucher for me."

"In that case," said the lady, consolingly, "you will have to go it alone."

"Yes, and what's worse," said Mr. Downes, "I can't take my partner's best card."

"I always knew you were a horrid mercenary thing," remarked the widow, as she cut out of the room and left Mr. Downes to shuffle sadly on his lonesome way.—*Puck.*

A Heavy Drop.

At Waterville, Mo., a 1,000-pound weight dropped from the clock in the Unitarian church, crushing the costly church organ beyond the possibility of repair.

At the primary scholarship examination in Bengal eight out of twenty scholarships were awarded to girls.

THE BOY.

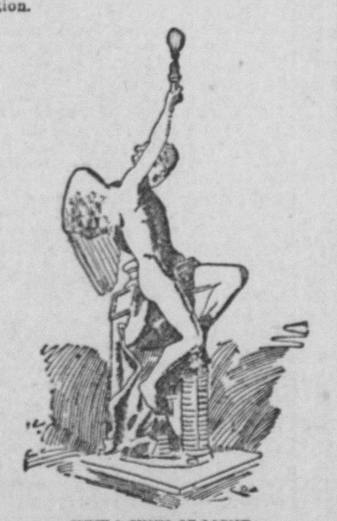
He Is Being Crowded Almost Entirely Out of Employment.

What is to become of the boy if the present tendency to crowd him out of employment goes on? asks the N. Y. *Tribune.* Messengers with beards seem to be growing more numerous all the time, and the elevator boy has been largely replaced by the elevator man. Cash boys, once common in the city, have given way to cash girls to a great extent. The uniformed, brass-buttoned call-boys at the hotels are little more than a memory, and in their places are men. It is true there are still newsboys about the entrance to the bridge, and other places where there are generally crowds of people, but newswomen and newsmen are competing with them in ever-increasing numbers. Uptown the newsdealer has virtually driven the boys out of the business. With bootblacks the story is the same. A few of them still pursue their calling, but grown Italians have seized hold of the best corners, and with their big armchairs easily take away the business of their youthful rivals, whose customers have to balance themselves on one leg against a sharp corner of the building. There are a few boy peddlers of shoestrings and handkerchiefs, but this occupation is far more appropriate to those who have arrived at years when an amble is the natural gait. On trains there are still many lads who go about distributing illustrated papers, light novels and candy, and then go about again collecting them, incidentally selling a few of the articles, but even here the men are getting ahead of them. Yes, what shall become of the boy is a serious question. If the present movement toward his displacement continues the only thing left for him to do will be to grow up and become a man, but unfortunately this takes time.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

THE NEW GENIUS OF LICHT.

A Description of the New Statue Set Up in Edison's Laboratory.

Among the many objects of interest to the visitor at the great laboratory of Thomas A. Edison, in West Orange, N. J., the first to attract attention is the remarkable statue that has recently been placed in position in the library. The statue attracted Mr. Edison's attention at the Paris Exposition, where it occupied the place of honor in the Italian Department. He was so much pleased with it that he purchased it, and it was shipped to this country, and now occupies the place of honor in the center of the magnificent library. It is entitled "The New Genius of Light," and was the work of an Italian artist, B. Bordiga of Rome, and was finished late in the fall of 1888. The subject is an allegorical one, and typifies the triumph of electricity over other means of illumination.



NEW GENIUS OF LIGHT.

It is the life-size figure of a graceful youth in the full vigor of early manhood, posed in a half recumbent position and partially supported by half extended wings, on the ruins of a broken gas lamp. The right arm is extended high above the head and holds aloft an incandescent lamp of fifty-candle power, the connecting circuits from which extend downward, and, partially supported by the left hand, continue to the base of the statue, where they are joined to a voltaic pile. About the base of the statue are grouped a telephone transmitter, a telegraph key, and a gear wheel. The whole is mounted on a pedestal three feet high. The modeling of the central figure is singularly strong and firm, and the finish is almost perfect—*N. Y. Herald.*

The Symptoms Alarmed Him

Party on outside—Ah, Hector, why do you not come forth and share the cheese with your own Andromache?

Party on inside—Speak not of cheese to me! I've got the grip, and I know it!

The Supply of Parents.

Lucy (aged 11, who is reading a paper)—"It is perfectly dreadful!"

Father—"What's dreadful, Lucy?"

Lucy—"Another faithless wife, the mother of six children, runs off with a married man, who leave a large family behind. Dear me, if this don't stop pretty soon there will not be any parents left."—*Texas Siftings.*

A Beaver Falls man says he caught a rat by placing an apple-core with a string tied to it near the rodent's hole. Then he waited and watched until the rat came out and swallowed the core, string and all. The man then pulled on the string and killed the rat.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

The fearful unbelief is unbelief in yourself.

Love rules his kingdom without a sword.

A neglected opportunity never gets over it.

A good conscience makes an easy couch.

It is pleasant to hear the truth—about other people.

A stoic is a man who never had the toothache.

Possibly the meanest man in this world is the devil

Joy is like ague—one good day between two bad ones.

Severity breedeth fear, but roughness breedeth hate.

The love of change is as natural to man as it is in nature.

Virtue is a kind of health, beauty and good habit of soul.

An acre of performance is worth the whole world of promise.

It is mighty hard to respect the man that we have to forgive.

Ah! if you only knew what peace there is an accepted sorrow.

Jealousy is an awkward homage which inferiors render to merit.

Any person can enter vanity fair on his imagination alone.

A man's repentance is alway the size of the whip produced.

The birthdays of his children are a man's landmarks to old age.

There is nothing so easy to find as fault—There is so much of it.

Heroism consists in doing one's duty at the cost of personal sacrifice.

Courtesy is the oil which makes the wheels of conduct run smoothly.

Beware of any faith that does not indicate itself in the daily doing.

Don't mock God by asking him in prayer for what you do not want.

In many transactions the middle man very soon gets into the first place.

It is better to sleep than to wake to remark the faults of thy brethren.

The hardest thing God has to do is tell a sinner that he loves him.

The great strength of simplicity lies in the words, not in the ideas.

A scandal-monger is a person who talks to our neigbors about us.

The wise man expects exerything from himself; the fool looks to others.

Any person who will deliberately flatter you, will deliberately defame you.

An extraordinary haste to discharge an obligation is a sort of ingratitude.

Better to be unborn than untaught, for ignorance is the root of misfortune.

Many men owe the grandeur of their lives to their tremendous difficulties.

What I have been taught I have forgotten, what I know I have guessed:

There are more people in the world honest from policy than from principle.

A man's heart is blamed for lots of things for which his liver is responsible.

In matters of conscience first thoughts are best, in matters of prudence the last.

The average man cannot understand why all other men do not vote as he does.

An entertaining talker is a person who tells us mean stories about our neighbors.

Moderation is the silken string running through the pearl chain of all virtues,

Fear of sin has made a great many more Christians than the love of virtue has.

All women are by nature flirts, but those who are the most so have the least sense.

The love of praise never made any man worse, and has made many a man better.

A woman has been known to bend a man's will during life and break it after his death.

Evil thoughts intrude in an unemployed mind as worms generate in a stagnant pool.

'Tis the hardest thing in the world to be a good thinker without being a good self-examiner.

Every man should bear his own grievances rather than detract from the comforts of others.

God's hold on a man is uncertain as long as the devil's claws run clear through his pocketbook.

It is a glorious thing to resist temptation, but it will be money in your pocket if you avoid them.

Those people who are sick and disgusted with themselves are the ones who suffer frome ennui.

When we hear some people talk we regret that the Lord did not provide a man's ears with shutters.

There are two kinds of hypocrites—the bold, and the humble; and the humble ones are the worst.

Men like a clever woman better than a handsome one, they are so much scarcer.

Marrying rich widows, like drinking liquors, is often done solely for the effects.

When a man finally succeeds in making himself famous his wife gets the credit of it.

It is the easiest thing in the world for a woman to feel religious when she has good clothes.

The happiness of life is so delicate a thing that it shrinks away even upon thinking of it.

A man who cannot mind his own business should not be trusted with the business of others.

Every man is worth just as much as the things are worth about which he busies himself.

HUMOROUS.

RICH MEN'S BRAINS.—Omaha Lawyer—I have just heard of the death of your uncle, whom you know was an old client of mine.

Nephew—Uncle's dead, eh. Smart man that uncle of mine. Started on nothing and made million after million without half trying.

"Yes, he was a smart man, there is no doubt of that."

"Smartest man I ever knew. Saw him only a few months ago and his brain was as quick as a steel trap, old as he was. You have charge of his will, I believe."

"Yes; he left all his money to orphan asylums."

"He did? That will wont stand. He's been a half idiot these twenty years."

AN old gentleman recommended "Ben Hur" to one of his young friends, advising her to read the book by all means. Meeting him soon after, she told him that she had inquired for it at several bookstores, but none of them had the book. "What did you ask for?" said the old gentleman. "Why, 'Ben She,' of course," replied the lady. A few weeks later the old gentleman received an invitation to the young lady's wedding, and the bridegroom's name chanced to be Benjamin. "Ah!" said he, as he read the card, she failed to find 'Ben Hur,' but she has had better success, it seems, in the search for Her Ben."

"JENKINS, I've got something to tell you. It grieves me to say it, but as a friend, I don't think I ought to keep silent."

"What is it, man—what is it?"

"I saw Brown throwing kisses to your wife."

"Great Scott! I wouldn't have believed it."

"I thought not."

"But, come to think of it, Brown never did have much taste."

A BRIGHT FUTURE.—"When I was twenty-one years of age," he said. "I thought that if I wasn't rich at thirty I would be too old to enjoy wealth."

"How old are you now?"

"Seventy."

"And rich, of course?"

"No, I'm a poor man yet; but I've got a scheme in view that will make me as rich as mud before I'm eighty, and then I propose to take things easy and enjoy life."

EDITOR (to young assistant)—"Mr. Greathead, I want to map out a line of journalistic study for you!" Young assistant (dubiously)—"I am pretty well up in newspaper stuff, as it is, sir." Editor—"I am aware of that, Mr. Greathead; but you know too much. I would suggest that you devote one hour each day to forgetting something."

HENRY (preparing for the country)—"There ought to be room in one of the trunks for my things. I got you six." Considerate Wife—"You forget, dear, that my six dresses take a trunk each. But I did not forget you. Here is a nice little satchel you can have all to yourself."

"How does it happen that there are so many old maids among the school teachers?" asked a reporter of a teacher the other day. "Because school teachers are, as a rule, women of sense; and no woman will give up a $60 position for a $10 man," was the reply.

Do You Ever Speculate?

Any person sending us their name and address will receive information that will lead to a fortune. Benj. Lewis & Co., Security Building, Kansas City, Mo.

George W. Kettoman, of Penmar, Penn., has invented an ear piece for the phonograph. The contracting of disease by contact is impossible.

Rupture cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phil'a, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail, advice free, send for circular.

The Manhattan Elevated Railroad Company of New York City is preparing to light its trains by electricity.

FITS: All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St. Phila., Pa.

ORDERS ARE ORDERS.—A gentleman was looking at a suite of rooms in an apartment house; he found them satisfactory, and said to the janitor:

"I'll take them."

"Have you any children, sir?"

"Yes two."

"Then I cannot let you the rooms."

"Why my children are both married and live in Iowa."

"That makes no difference. My orders re not to take in any tenant who has hi ldren."

GRATIFIED CURIOSITY.—"Katie," said he, when the time came for him to take his departure, "do you think you care enough for me to link your lot with mine? Could you leave this home and be happier in another with me?"

"Yes, Augustus, I think I could," softly but unhesitatingly answered Katie.

"I didn't know wheather to ask you or not," continued Augustus, "so I thought I'd see how you felt about it." And, having satisfied himself as to her feelings toward him, he took his hat to go, but he went without a good-night kiss.

The expenditure for pensions for the year ending June 30, as now officially stated; amounted to $109,357,534. In the previous year we paid $87,644,77.-11, while in the year before that we paid $80,288,508.77.

The best cure, by all odds, for cut or flesh-wound is to blind up snugly as soon as possible in the blood—if aching ensues moisten in tepid water.

A rival to the now celebrated "Wolseley" sheep-shearing machine, has been tested in Melbourne, Australia, with satisfactory results. This machine is called the "Silver," and with it an expert can shear 200 sheep per day.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY. }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The underground system of telegraphs of the German empire has a total length of 3,600 miles, and has lost $10 219,000.

Knowledge Better Than Theory.

While the whole medical world is engaged in experimenting upon new remedies and inventing theories to account for diseases, St. Bernard Vegetable Pills, the happy compound of the ancient fathers, have been quietly and surely counteracting the causes of diseases by stimulating the healthy action of the liver, kidneys and bowels promoting digestion, nutrition and excretion, restoring vitality and curing people of their diseases. A sample of the St. Bernard Vegetable Pills will be sent *free* to all applicants. Address St. Bernard Box, 2416, New York.

A natural gas well at Normal, Texas, although only 60 feet deep, yields a fine flow of gas and produces a flame 5 feet high.

Fruits and Trees! Points for Tree Planters.

This entire book is ably written and gives trusty information for everyone growing fruit of any sort or kind. Sent free by Stark Bros., Louisiana, Mo.—*Orange Judd Farmer.*

Seven hundred million oranges are exported every year from Europe to this country.

Lee Wa's Chinese Headache Cure. Harmless in effect, quick and positive in action. Sent prepaid on receipt of $1 per bottle. Adeler & Co. 522 Wyandotte St., Kansas City, Mo.

Venezuela seems to be enjoying a season of remarkable prosperity.

Guaranteed five year eight per cent. First Mortgages on Kansas City property, interest payable every six months; principal and interest collected when due and remitted without expense to lender. For sale by J. H. Bauerlein & Co., Kansas City, Mo. Write for particulars.

The Pope's army is to be furnished with modern repeating rifles.

If Dobbins' Electric Soap *is* what so many insist that it is, you can *not afford* to go without it. Your grocer has it, or can get it, and you can *decide for yourself* very soon. Don't let another Monday pass without trying it.

Much of the corn grown in the West last year was too soft to put into cribs.

Children Tease For It.

Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Croup Cure is a boon to children who are attacked with croup or acute congestive colds. Sold by druggists or mailed on receipt of 50 cts. Address A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

A sugar beet factory, to cost $100,000, will be built at Pierre, South Dakota.

Cann's Kidney Cure for Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, Bright's, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases, Nervousness, &c. Cure guaranteed. 831 Arch Street, Phila'a. $1 a bottle, 6 for $5, or druggist. 1000 certificates of cures. Try it.

Chicago has a canning company that is composed entirely of women.

Oklahoma Guide Book and Map sent anywhere on receipt of 50cts. Tyler Co., Kansas City, Mo.

The golden poppy has been selected as the State flower of California.

For Coughs and throat troubles use "Brown's Bronchial Troches."—"They stop an attack of my asthma cough very promptly."—*C. Futch, Miamiville, Ohio.*

There are thirty thousand cases of the grip in New Orleans, La.

Frazer Axle Grease.

The Frazer Axle Grease is better and cheaper than any other, at double the price. Ask your dealer for it, and take no other.

Over 3000 bolts, eight inches long, were used in the construction of the St. Clair (Mich.) tunnel every twenty-four hours.

Timber, Mineral, Farm Lands and Ranches in Missouri, Kansas, Texas and Arkansas, bought and sold. Tyler & Co., Kansas City, Mo.

Utilizing scrap steel rod by welding it and drawing it into fence wire is one of the recent successes of electric welding.

"August Flower"

For Dyspepsia.

A. Bellanger, Propr., Stove Foundry, Montagny, Quebec, writes: "I have used August Flower for Dyspepsia. It gave me great relief. I recommend it to all Dyspeptics as a very good remedy."

Ed. Bergeron, General Dealer, Lauzon, Levis, Quebec, writes: "I have used August Flower with the best possible results for Dyspepsia."

C. A. Barrington, Engineer and General Smith, Sydney, Australia, writes: "August Flower has effected a complete cure in my case. It acted like a miracle."

Geo. Gates, Corinth, Miss., writes: "I consider your August Flower the best remedy in the world for Dyspepsia. I was almost dead with that disease, but used several bottles of August Flower, and now, consider myself a well man. I sincerely recommend this medicine to suffering humanity the world over."

G. G. GREEN, Sole Manufacturer,
Woodbury, New Jersey, U. S. A.

Prepare for Spring

Now is the time to attend to your personal condition in preparation for the change to spring season. If you have not "whittered well," if you are tired out from overwork, if your blood has become impure from close confinement in badly ventilated offices or shops, you should take Hood's Sarsaparilla at once. It will purify and vitalize your blood, expel all germs of disease, creat a good appetite, and give your whole system tone and strength.

N. B. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

EVERY MOTHER

Should Have It in The House.

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love

to take JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT for Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis, Colic, Cramps and Pains. It relieves Summer Complaints, Cuts, Bruises like magic.

THINK OF IT.

In use over 40 YEARS in one family.

Dr. I. S. JOHNSON & Co.—It is sixty years since I first learned of your JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT; for more than *forty years* I have used it in my family. I regard it as one of the best and safest family remedies that can be found, used internal or external, in all cases. O. H. INGALLS, Deacon 2nd Baptist Church, Bangor, Me.

Every Sufferer From Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Diphtheria, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Lameness, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints or Strains, will find in this old Anodyne relief and speedy cure. Pamphlet free. Sold everywhere. Price 25 cts., by mail, 6 bottles, Express paid, $2. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS.....EFFECTUAL.

Act like Magic on the Vital Organs.

BEECHAM'S PATENT PILLS. ST. HELENS LANCASHIRE

One Dose Relieves in Twenty Minutes.

Worth a Guinea a Box.

FOR ALL

BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISORDERS,

Such as Sick Headache, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, &c.

Arousing with the **Rosebud** of Health the **whole Physical Energy** of the human frame.

Beecham's Pills, taken as directed, will quickly RESTORE FEMALES to complete health.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 25 cents per Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

B. F. ALLEN CO., Sole agents for the United States, 365 & 367 Canal St., New York.

Who (if your druggist does not keep them) will mail Beecham's Pills on receipt of price, but inquire first. Mention this paper.

FOR FIFTY YEARS

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

has been used by mothers for their children while Teething for over Fifty Years. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa.

Twenty-five Cents a Bottle.

5 TON SCALES $60 Beam Box Tare Beam ALL SIZES Send for Terms

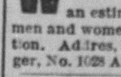
JONES OF BINGHAMTON N. Y. HE PAYS THE FREIGHT

WANTED—Secretaries and Organizers by Assessment Order paying $100.00 in six months at an estimated cost of $44.00. Reputable men and women can secure liberal compensation. Address, M. McINTYRE, Supreme Manager, No. 1028 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES ONLY! I will send any Lady a Valuable Secret that cost me $5, and a Rubber Shield for 30c. Confidential. Address Mrs. W. L. LAWSON & Co., 58 State St., Chicago, Ill.

HIGHEST Cash Price paid for Raw Furs, Hides, Skins, Tallow, by Geo. H. Emmans, Newton, N. J.

"GREEN MOUNTAIN" GRAPE. None so early; none more delicious. Vine a healthy strong grower and an early and profuse bearer. For a circular giving further information address Stephen Hoyt's Sons, New Canaan, Ct.



Our improved Novelty Rug Machine, 2 Needles by mail, $1.10. Send for Price List. E. ROSS & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

BEATTY Pianos (new) $145. Organs $55. DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

CACTUS 10 Plants mailed for $1.00. Book on Cactus, 10c. Catalogue free. A. Blanc & Co., Phila.

HOME STUDY. Book-keeping, Business Forms, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Short-hand, etc. thoroughly taught by MAIL. Circulars free. Bryant's College, 457 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

TACOMA $100 or $1000 carefully invested here bring ANNUALLY from TWENTY to 100 per cent. TACOMA INVESTMENT CO., TACOMA, WASH.

MIMA WHITE 50 assorted beautiful Silk & Satin Pieces, enough to cover $65 sq. in. Patchwork, 25c. LEMAIRE & SILK MILL, Little Ferry, N. J.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES Sure relief. Price 50 cts. by mail. Stowell & Co. Charlestown, Mass. **ASTHMA.**

An iron elevated railway, much like the New York pattern, six miles long, is now in process of construction in Liverpool. The cars are to be worked by electricity.

With the view of testing the rapidity of electric welding twenty pieces of one-inch common round iron bars, with rough ends, were recently welded together by two men in thirteen minutes.

HUMOROUS.

THE SUPPLY STOPPED.—"Did that man you were talking to so excitedly haul you over the coals?"

"No; he said I couldn't have a scuttle more until I settle!!"

THE DEAR GIRLS.—Maud—"George proposed to me last night."

Ethel—"He told me you were next on his list when I refused him last week."

THEY SOUNDED FAMILIAR.—"Young Mr. Snaffles appears to have inherited his father's ability as a preacher."

"Yes—and a good many of his sermons, too."

SOMETHING TO SAY.—Farmer Green (to boy caught stealing his apples)—"Well, sir, what have you to say for yourself?"

Boy (with pockets full)—"Please, sir, may I have some apples?"

FOR THE ABSENTMINDED.—Bjinks—"I've invented an ink bottle which will make my fortune."

Bjones—"What kind is it?"

Bjinks—"It sounds an alarm at the approach of a mucilage brush."

WISHED HE HADN'T ASKED.—"I say Bobby, whispered Featherly, "did your sister say she hoped my trip would do me good?"

"Yes; she told me last night that if Mr. Featherly went West she hoped he would go for good."

A FOOT IN HER MOUTH.—A small girl of three years old suddenly burst out crying at the dinner table.

"Why, Mabel," said her mother. "what is the matter?"

"Oh," whined Mabel, "my teeth trod on my tongue!"

OUT OF THE MOUTHS OF BABES.—"Ma, can I go over to Sallie's house and play a little while?" asked four-year-old Nellie.

Yes, dear; I don't mind if you do."

"Thank you, ma;" was the demure reply; "I have been."

A SURPRISE.—Customer—"What is the matter with the milk this morning? It has a very peculiar look."

Driver of Milk Wagon (a new hand)—"The truth is, ma'am, the boss forgot to skim off the cream."

A MATTER OF PRIDE AND DECENCY.—"There, my good man, there's a plateful of victuals, but I should think a great, big, strong fellow like you would be ashamed to beg!'

"So I am ashamed, but what am I to do? I must either beg or work!"

CUT SHORT.—Husband—"Now we will have a nice evening to ourselves; shall I read aloud?"

Wife—Yes; what does it say about the winter fashions? My dress——

Husband—"Jove; I remember an engagement I had forgotten."

THE DIFFERENCE.—Jazzam—"What's the difference between a poet and a plumber?'

Maddox—"The poet is generally poor."

"That isn't the answer."

"Let's have it then."

"The poet pipes the lay, but the plumber lays the pipes."

A SHORT STORY.—She—"Please make me up a dose of caster oil.

Smart Clerk (after a lapse of five minutes)—"Have a glass of soda, won't you?"

She drinks soda and waits for the oil.

Smart Clerk—"Anything else, Miss?"

She—"The caster oil please."

Smart Clerk—"Why, I gave you the oil in the soda!"

She—"Well, I didn't want it for myself. It was for my brother."

FOUND A FREAK.—A weak, sickly-looking individual, with a shawl and a pair of gaiters, entered a railroad restaurant and said to the waiter:

"Waiter, bring me a sirloin steak, an omelet and some baked potatoes."

"Yes, sir; that—"

"And some baked ham, and—and a small mutton chop, waiter."

"Yes, sir. Tea?"

"A couple bottles of beer and a half dozen English muffins.',

The waiter put down his tray with a knowing smile. Glancing over at the counter to see if the proprietor was looking he leaned over and whispered "Say, mister, you don't want a manager do you?"

Tourists,

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c and $1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

The London libraries all have a small stationer's shop connected with them, where the various conveniences for writing are supplied.

Money invested in choice one hundred dollar building lots in suburbs of Kansas City will pay from five hundred to one thousand per cent. the next few years under our plan. $25 cash and $5 per month without interest controls a desirable lot. Particulars on application. J. H. Bauerlein & Co., Kansas City, Mo.

There are more public holidays in Honolulu, Hawaii, than in any other city in the world.

What a change is wrought in people who suffer from rheumatism when they take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The acidity of the blood is neutralized, the blood is purified, the aching joints and limbs rest easily and quietly, and and a feeling of serene health is imparted.

In Yokohama, Japan, with a population of 70,000, the number of electors is under 300.

"WHAT AN ASS AM I!"

The ass thought himself as fine looking as his neighbor, the horse, until he, one day, saw himself in the looking-glass, when he said "What an ass am I!"

Are there not scores of people who cannot see themselves as others see them? They have bad blood, pimples, blotches, eruptions, and other kindred disfigurements. All these annoying things could be entirely eradicated, and the skin restored to "lily whiteness," if that world-famed remedy, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, were given a fair trial.

It cures all humors, from the ordinary blotch, pimple or eruption to the worst scrofula, or the most inveterate blood-taints, no matter what their nature, or whether they be inherited or acquired. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only blood-purifier *guaranteed* to do just what it is recommended to, or money refunded.

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Proprietors, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Bermuda Bottled.

"You must go to Bermuda. If you do not I will not be responsible for the consequences." "But, doctor, I can afford neither the time nor the money." "Well, if that is impossible, try

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

I sometimes call it Bermuda Bottled, and many cases of

CONSUMPTION, *Bronchitis, Cough or Severe Cold*

I have CURED with it; and the advantage is that the most sensitive stomach can take it. Another thing which commends it is the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites which it contains. You will find it for sale at your Druggist's but see you get the original SCOTT'S EMULSION."

ELY'S CREAM BALM Applied into Nostrils is quickly Absorbed, Cleanses the Head, Heals the Sores and Cures

CATARRH

Restores Taste and smell, quickly Relieves Cold in Head and Headache. 50c. at Druggists. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAY FEVER ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

9 723

DR. SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC

Is a Positive Cure for

DYSPEPSIA

And all Disorders of the Digestive Organs. It is likewise a corroborative, or strengthening Medicine, and may be taken with great benefit in all cases of Debility. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, $1.00 per bottle. Dr. Schenck's New Book on Lungs Liver and Stomach mailed free. Address, Dr. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia.

FITS STOPPED FREE Marvelous Success. Insane Persons Restored. Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER for all DISEASES of the NERVOUS SYSTEM. Only sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc. INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND FRAUDS.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF,

THE GREAT CONQUEROR OF PAIN,

Instantly relieves and soon cures Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Stiff Neck, all congestions and inflammations, whether of the Lungs, Kidneys, Bowels.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Headache, Toothache, Weakness or Pain in the Back, Chest or Limbs, by one application. Internally in water for all internal pains, flatulency, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Palpitation of the Heart, Chills and Fever and Malaria.

50c. a bottle. All Druggists.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

An excellent and mild Cathartic. Purely Vegetable. The Safest and Best Medicine in the world for the Cure of all Disorders of the

LIVER, STOMACH OR BOWELS.

Taken according to directions they will restore health and renew vitality.

Price, 25 cts. a Box. Sold by all Druggists.

DR. RADWAY & CO., NEW YORK.

PREVENTINE

For Men

NEW & WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

Sure Preventive Against Diseases of Men.

MONEY SAVED—DISEASES PREVENTED

50 cents per bottle, post-paid with full directions and written guarantee.

2 cent stamp for circular.

Preventine Manufacturing Co.,

LABORATORY & OFFICE

29 & 31 TEN EYCK ST., Brooklyn, N. Y.

-VASELINE-

FOR A ONE-DOLLAR BILL sent us by mail we will deliver, free of all charges, to any person in the United States, all of the following articles, carefully packed:

One two-ounce bottle of Pure Vaseline,	10 cts.
One two-ounce bottle of Vaseline Pomade,	15 "
One jar of Vaseline Cold Cream,	15 "
One Cake of Vaseline Camphor Ice,	15 "
One Cake of Vaseline Soap, unscented,	15 "
One Cake of Vaseline Soap, exquisitely scented,	25 "
One two-ounce bottle of White Vaseline,	25 "
	$1.10

Or for postage stamps any single article at the price named. On no account be persuaded to accept from your druggist any Vaseline or preparation therefrom unless labelled with our name, because you will certainly receive an imitation which has little or no value

Chesebrough Mfg. Co., 24 State St., N. Y.

BAGGY KNEES POSITIVELY REMEDIED. Greely Pant Stretcher. Adopted by students at Harvard, Amherst, and other Colleges, also, by professional and business men everywhere. If not for sale in your town send 25c. to B. J. GREELY, 715 Washington Street, Boston.

PROF. LOISETTE'S NEW MEMORY BOOKS.

Criticisms on two recent Memory Systems. Ready about April 1st. Full Tables of Contents forwarded only to those who send stamped directed envelope. Also Prospectus POST FREE of the Lotsettian Art of Never Forgetting. Address Prof. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., New York.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

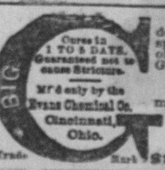
BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand Not effected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

THE universal favor accorded TILLINGHAST'S FORTY BOUND Cabbage SEEDS leads me to offer a P. S. GROWN Onion, *the finest Yellow Globe in existence.* To introduce it and show its capabilities I will pay $100 for the best yield obtained from 1 ounce of seed which I will mail for 50 cts. Catalogue free.

Isaac F. Tillinghast, La Plume, Pa.



I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease.

G. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y.

We have sold Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction.

D. R. DYCHE & CO., Chicago, Ill.

Trade Mark. $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

PATENTS F. A. LEHMANN, Washington, D. C. SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.

CONSUMPTION

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH, RED CROSS **PENNYROYAL * PILLS** DIAMOND BRAND

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE. The only Safe, Sure, and reliable Pill for sale. Ladies, ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other kind. *Refuse Substitutions and Imitations.* All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials, and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Sold by all Local Druggists. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Madison Square, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

"It may be true what some men say,
It maun be true what a' men say."

PUBLIC OPINION

endorses Sapolio.—
It is a solid cake of scouring soap...

For many years SAPOLIO has stood as the finest and best article of this kind in the world. It knows no equal, and, although it costs a trifle more its durability makes it outlast two cakes of cheap makes. It is therefore the cheapest in the end. Any grocer will supply it at a reasonable price.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

FRED. KURTZ, EDITOR and PROP'R

TERMS:—One year, $1.50, when paid in advance. Those in arrears subject to previous rms. $2 per year.

Advertisements 20 cents per line for 3 insertions, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

CENTRE HALL, PA., THURS, MAR. 12.

"THE RACKET"

—IS—

Bellefonte's Bargain Store.

—o—

It is Original and a copy of no store in town.

—o—

Our town and country trade is fast increasing. We sell at one price only and that the lowest.

—o—

Kom and C us at No. 9 Crider's Exchange.

G. R. SPIGELMYER,
SHEM SPIGELMYER, Jr.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Special Notice.

As I contempleat a change in my bnsiness, by the 1st of March, I now offer my entire stock of clothing and gents furnishing goods regardless of cost. This is no hum bug, but a straigh offer.

SIMON LOEB.

— Good substantial clothing for very little money at S. Loeb's.

—Mr. W. A. McClenahan, of Milroy, gave the REPORTER a call.

—Jackson Bush on Tuesday, moved to the Bald Eagle ridges.

—Call at Loeb's clothing store; examine his stock and prices.

—Mrs. Catherine Rowan, of Buffalo Run, died on Wednesday, aged about 75 years.

— Cyrus Brumgard, Millheim's biggest and most genial man, was in town the other day.

—Those harbingers of spring, the blue birds, have made their appearance in this vicinity.

—We would respectfully direct the attention of the boro council to the shameful condition of our streets.

—Mr. Frank Hosterman, one of Penn Hall's most esteemed citizens gave our sanctum a pleasant call on Tuesday.

—McClain & Co. have given the contract of sawing the balance of their tract above town to Mr. Underwood, who will complete the job.

—Mr. John Hibler, one of Milesburg's most influential and highly respected citizens, died very suddenly on Thursday of heart disease.

—Mr. Emil Joseph, of the firm of Joseph Bros., Bellefonte, was married on Sunday, 1st, inst., to Miss Bertha Gutman, of New York city.

—Jacob Richard, formerly of this town, writes us from Hinchman, Mich., March 5, "that they now have had six days sleighing, the first time for this winter."

—Ex-register Jas. A. McClain, of Bellefonte, called to see us on Tuesday, having been over to look at his lumber operation, of which Mr. Underwood has the contract for manufacturing the lumber.

— Gustave Bentley, of Randolph township, Crawford county, was on Saturday put under $300 bail at Meadville for cruelty to animals in shearing his sheep in the middle of February.

—"Under the Palms, or Feast of Flowers," a grand oratorio cantata, will be rendered in the Centre Hall Lutheran church, Saturday evening before Easter, March 28. It will be a fine affair, the best yet given here.

—Thirteen saws were found in the cells of the Nicely Brothers, in the Somerset jail, with which it is supposed they intended to endeavor to escape. The prisoners are to hanged on April 2 for the murder of Farmer Umberger.

—The late cold snap may save the fruit crop. Ambitious buds were getting ready to burst when the cold wave prevented their premature spring opening. Had this low temperature found the buds expanded the fruit would have been nipped.

—The Presbytery of Northumberland meets at Mifflinburg, Pa., on April 20, in the Buffalo Presbyterian church, of which Rev. E. A. Snook is pastor-elect. From the make-up of the docket the meeting promises to be both interesting and lengthy.

—The concert given on Saturday evening in the band hall was quite a success and was well patronized, the band realizing quite a little sum. Prof. E. W. Crawford had the concert under his guidance, and thus contributed largely towards the success. We understand the band will repeat the concert at a future date.

— The Philipsburg *Journal* states the case very properly in this way. It is to be remembered that no paper is printed especially for one person no more than a hotel is built especially for one guest. People who become very much displeased with something they find in a newspaper, should remember that the very thing that displeases them is exactly the thing which pleases somebody who has just as much interest in the paper as they have.

ALLEGED TRAIN WRECKERS.

Three Young Men Arrested for Wrecking the B. E. V. R. R. Passenger Train.

On Thursday morning last three men were arrested at Milesburg on suspicion of being the parties who placed the stone on the track of the Bald Eagle Valley railroad which caused the wreck of the morning passenger train at Milesburg on February 23, and resulted in the death of Edward Casset, the fireman. Ever since the wreck occurred a detective from the Linden detective agency in Philadelphia has been at work on the case. Wednesday evening the detective accompanied by Officers Mullen and Montgomery went to Milesburg to arrest the men. They hunted for them all night, and finally succeeded in finding them at their homes on Thursday morning. They were arrested, and brought to Bellefonte and lodged in jail. Their names are Craig Grassmire and Frank and Harry Charles. They are young men, ranging in age from 20 to 25 years. A great many rumors have been going the rounds concerning the young men which, if true, will make it go very hard with them.

Detective Day has been very reticient since the arrest and has very little to say as to the evidence upon which he caused their arrest, but he feels confident of having secured the men who placed the stone upon the track and wrecked the train. Later developments show that a few days after the wreck occurred, the engineer of the wrecked train, James Henshey, received an anonymous letter stating that the train was wrecked in the hope that he would have been killed and regretting that Casset was the victim. When the matter was investigated it was learned that Henshey had made himself unpopular last summer with the three men arrested. Later on the young fellows were discharged from the work-train gang. Anonymous letters posted at the station at Milesburg seem to confirm the belief that the right men are in jail. It is reported that shortly after the wreck E. P. Stoneroad, the passenger and freght agent at Milesburg, received an anonymous letter, signed "We three," and containing the warning that several more wrecks might be expected, as they had not killed the man they desired.

Frank Charles, while in jail, wrote a a letter to friends in Milesburg, requesting them to send to him another suit of clothes. Detective Day securing this letter compared it with the one sent to Stoneroad, and found the handwriting of the two very much alike. The men will not be given a hearing until next Monday, when they will appear before Judge Furst, who is at present absent in an adjoining county.

The Church Quarrel.

The bitter factional fight that has been raging for several years in the Disciple church at Howard has not lost any of its interest and the breach is growing wider. One faction led by Hiram Lucas and J. L. Long have renounced the eldership of the church because of the unseemly conduct, according to their allegation, of some of the elders. The other faction with Jackson Gardiner and his two sons as leaders, sustain the eldership. A court of equity was held on Friday last, with Colonel D. S. Keller presiding as master, to decide the legal rights as to the church property. The defendants in the case, who are the Gardiner faction, and are represented by their attorneys, Spangler & Hewes, occupied the day with their testimony, and continued their evidence on Saturday. John G. Love and Mayor Reeder represent the plaintiffs.

Sad Case of Poisoning.

Mrs. Jacob Royer, of near Tusseyville, met her end through poison on last Monday forenoon Mrs. Royer had been ailing for some time, and it is thought her mind became affected. On Saturday morning last, while the family were at breakfast, she absented herself, saying she had no appetite. She went up stairs and there got possession of some Rough on Rats, and took about a teaspoonful of it, and left the house. She returned again, complained of severe pains, when Dr. Emerick was called in the afternoon and soon discovered the cause of the trouble, and found her case a serious one. Mrs. Royer suffered until Monday morning, when death came to her relief. The sympathy of the community is with the sorely bereaved husband and family of children.

A Long Trial.

Judge Orvis is one of the attorneys in a case now being tried in Pottsville, in which the title to some valuable coal lands is involved. The case has been going on for about ten weeks already and is likely to take a month yet before it closes. This is a sweet sit for jurors and a rich sop for the attorneys, no doubt. How the jury can be expected to keep the run of the evidence in a case of such length is a mystery.

The Weather.

Sunday set in with a strong inclination to rain, with a slight drizzle which turned into rain at night, and continued raining all day Monday, causing the water to run freely as there was considerable snow on the ground. Monday night it got colder and snow squalls set in. Tuesday cold wind.

—It will not be regretted if you buy your clothing from Lewins, at the Philad. Branch. He guarantees his entire stock.

The Bazaar.

The Lutheran congregation of this place proposes to hold a Fancy Bazaar at the Patron's picnic during the exibition next September. All the members of the church are asked to make a piece of fancy work, and hand it over to the treasurer, Mrs. W. E. Fischer, who will have the name of the article and the person giving it published in this paper at the end of each month. An effort will also be made by the members to secure goods of all kinds from their friends outside the church. The profits will be applied to the payment of the church debt, and all who wish to give a mite will have an opportunity to do so.

Handsome quarters will be arranged for at the picnic, and beside the fine display of fancy goods, other attractive features will, quite likely, be added by the way of amusement, free of cost.

A number of Philadelphia houses have already responded very liberally, and the only thing needed to make the Bazaar a success is for the members of the church to go to work in earnest.

Further notices will appear in the REPORTER from week to week in the regular advertising space for the Bazaar.

Recommendations as to Funerals.

At the meeting of the Ministerial Association of Philipsburg Osceola, Houtzdale and vicinity, held March 2nd, which say that in contagious and infectious diseases as diphtheria, scarlet fever, small pox, and the like, have been spread more at funerals than in almost any other way.

Resolved, That we strongly recommend that the funerals of all persons dying of such diseases be conducted as privately as possible, also that such funerals be never held in the churches.

That unless there be special reason for the contrary, the funerals of non-church-going unbelievers should not be brought into the churches, but should be held at their homes or places of abode.

That we decline to attend funerals on the Sabbath, unless it be impossible to arrange for them on any other days, taking into account all the circumstances.

That we recommend that a distinction should be made in the character of the services between those who are believers and those who are not believers.

Sugar Valley.

Messers John Kemmerrer and Samuel Moyer drove race last Saturday with their two-horse wagons loaded with lumber. Result: both their wagons were broken and smashed.

The family of Rudolph Karstetter has just recovered from a severe spell of sickness. The whole family had been down with an attack of sore throat.

The grippe has taken down quite a number of persons.

A cow belonging to Adam Sheafz recently gave birth to a calf that weighed exactly 100 pounds.

W. M. Hubler, of Tylersville, has graduated from the Penn'a College of Dental Surgery with the highest honor of any member of the graduating class of 1891.—*Journal.*

Expelled from the Church.

At the third day's session of the Central Pennsylvania Evangelical Conterference action was taken upon two of the members by that body who are well known to our many readers. The relation of Rev. G. W. Currin was changed from active membership, to superannuated, his health having failed during the past year. Rev. J. L. Miller, who was tried and suspended upon a number of charges during the year, was deposed from the ministry and expelled from the Church. Rev. Miller, a few years ago, was pastor of the Centre Hall Evangelical charge, and created quite a dissension in the church in this place by his actions. Among the charges preferred against him were several by this congregation.

Death of John T. Franciscus.

John T. Franciscus, formerly of Lewistown, committed suicide at the Hotel Johnson, in Washington, D. C., on Friday night last, by shooting himself through the heart. When it was discovered next day that he had committed the act of self-destruction, his brother was notified by telegraph, and his remains were brought here on bacific Express Monday morning. The funeral took place from the residence of his father, F. G. Franciscus, on Tuesday afternoon, and was largely attended by sympathizing friends. The floral contributions were among the finest ever seen here.—*Sentinel.*

Not For Bowman.

We are informed by a member of the Evangelical church of Centre Hall, that the conference to which this church belongs, now in session at Berwick, has only one Bowmanite minister in it, and that the Evangelical people in this section are all of the same mind. From this we conclude that all will be peace here, and there will be no two sets to create a scene in their churches by rival claimants to the pulpit. This is certainly a pleasant fact to state.

—Freshground buckwheat flour, No 1, at the Centre Hall mills.

—Lewins makes suits to order, parties can select their own goods from samples. Satisfaction guaranteed in all respects, and at prices 25 per cent lower than elsewhere.

—Shirts, underwear, hats, caps trunks and valises at cost.—S. Loeb.

Licenses Granted.

Monday was the day set aside by the Court for the granting of the liquor licenses. The petitions and applications were heard last Tuesday, but the granting of them was postponed by the court until Monday. Out of twenty-nine applicants twenty-two were granted, six refused and one. Gotlieb Haag, of Bellefonte, was held under consideration. The result is no surprise to the general public. The number granted is an increase of two over last year. The list of those granted is as follows:

G. B. Brandon, Daniel Garman, W. L. Daggett, Bellefonte; George E Leister, William Parker, G. A. Walther, James Passmore, Peter Ashcroft, Philipsburg; Mary C, Nolan, John G. Uzzle, Snow Shoe; D. L. Bartges, Centre Hall; Jacob L. DeHass, Howard; W. S. Musser, Millheim; Alvis Kohlbecker, Boggs township; D. H. Ruhl, Gregg township; W. W. Rishel, Penn township; J. H. Odenkirk, Potter township; Henry Robb, Walker township. Wholesale distillers' licenses were granted as follows: J. C. Hicklin and George E. Lamb, Philipsburg; N. W. Eby, Haines township; John Millfinger, Spring township.

—A big slaughter in Men's, Boy's Children's overcoats at S. Loeb's.

—The roads are in a very bad condition again, caused by the thaw.

—The town council will consider the subject of street lighting.

—Miss Annie Harpster has recovered sufficiently from her severe attack of rheumatism as to be able to be out again.

—I have one new sewing machine, New Home make, will sell for $19.00, in order to close out.

G. W. BUSHMAN.

—Our good natured friend, Cyrus Durst, of Linden Hall, gave us a visit, Tuesday—always glad to see him.

—Give Lewins, Bellefonte, your order for a suit. He has one of the most experienced cutters to be had. A fit is guaranteed.

—Bellefonte had several attempted burglaries on Tuesday evening. About a half dozen residences were broken into but the intruders did not in any instance succeed in making away with a large amount of spoils.

—Six applicants for license were refused by Judge Furst. Bellefonte will have at least three taverns and Philipsburg six. The other licenses are pretty well scattered throughout the county. Twenty-one in all were granted.

—Bellefonte is having an epidemic of clubs at present. They are springing up all around, and the latest is that of fourteen young ladies organizing. Wonder if it will come under the caption of a "speak-easy."

—The sentence of Justice of the Peace Kelley, at Huntingdon, who required Samuel Poshman to sleep with his best neighbor and his wife to be locked up for six days, has been carried out to the letter, and they are living now together in marital felicity.

—Among the callers at this office this week were, Mr. William Bower, of Potters Mills; Mr. John H. Bare, of Tusseyville; Mr. Wm. Kerr, of Centre Hill; Mr. Wm. Farner, of Tusseyville; Mr. Christ Platt, of Spring Mills; and James McClain, of Bellefonte.

Some Startling Facts.

The official returns from Boards of Health show that nearly three-fourths of all deaths are from Consumption When we think over this fact it is really awful, though every case started with a simple Cough or Cold. Realize how important it is to check this terrible malady which can be done by using Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure. Price 25 and 50 cents. Trial bottles free at J. D. Murray's Drug Store.

Farmers Mills.

Prof. W. A. Brown moved his family from here to Altoona a few weeks ago, where he secured a good job. Will is a good band tutor.

William Weaver, sr. and family moved to Aaronsburg about a fortnight ago, where he will work at butchering.

Several of the big boys of this vicinity hired to farmers in Nittany valley.

Mr. Grove and wife, a newly wedded couple of Lewistown, William Luse, of Tyrone, F. Auman, of Coburn, Minnie Zerby, of Zion, Hettie Doup, of Spruce, and others, were visiting friends here recently.

Several young men of this township suddenly took Greeley's advice, and went west, and a few more intend to do likewise.

Judas & Co. failed at our late election, in electing their tools, who are always ready to "teach others a lesson, while they are in office," merely to gratify a petty revenge. But the voters succeeded in electing good men in their stead.

Rumor says H. D. Hagan bought the Cyrus Luse home in this place and will occupy it himself.

Our miller, W. H. Weaver, made a business trip to Maryland last week.

Spring Mills Academy.

The Spring Mills Academy will open on Tues. April 14, 1891, for a term of ten weeks. During this term special attention will be given to thoroughly prepare those who wish to be examined for teaching. Arrangements will be made to procure board at the lowest possible rates for those who desire it. For further information write to the principal,

C. R. NEFF.
Spring Mills, Pa.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guarnteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. FOR SALE BY J. D. Murray, Druggist.

From The Nation's Capitol.

Mr. A. N. Hazen, Washington, D. C., says the Famous Red Flag Oil is a perfect family medicine and has no equal for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cuts, Burns and all bodily pain. Price 25 cents.

CONSUMPTION.—Are you troubled with this terriple disease? If so, take healthy exercise, live in open air, use Pan Tina Cough and Consumption Cure and be cured; don't delay. Price 25 and 50 cents. Trial bottles free at J. D. Murray's Drug Store.

Grain Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY KURTZ & SON

White wheat	90
Red wheat	93
Rye	70
Corn, ears	50
Corn, shelled	55
Oats	44
Barley	55

Produce at Stores.

Butter	20
Eggs	14
Lard	7
Shoulders	8
Ham	10
Tallow	4
Potatoes	80

PUBLIC SALE.—THE UNDERSIGNED WILL offer at public sale, at his residence, in Harris township, 2 miles southeast of Linden Hall on WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1891, the following valuable personal property viz: 6 work horses, 1 bay mare, 12 years old, with foal, a good leader, 1 black mare with foal, rising 5 years old, weight 1400 pounds, will drive single or double, 1 bay mare, rising 5 years old, raised 1 colt, drives single, weight 1375 pounds, 1 bay mare with foal, a fine leader, 1 bay horse, 5 years old, weight 1125, is trained for driving, a fine trotter. 1 dark bay mare nearly 3 years old, with foal, 1 yearling colt, 3-year old stallion, of good stock and well proportioned, sired by an English draft horse, a good walker and trotter, 8 head good milch cows, 4 of them will be fresh in March, the other 4 will come in between October and December, 10 head of fine shoats, 15 head of sheep, 1 good Southdown buck, 13 head of young cattle, 6 2 yearlings and 7 yearlings, the young stock are of the Holstein strain, top buggy used only 2 years, bob sled, sleigh good as new, 1 2-horse wagon, 1 2-horse spring wagon, 2 broad wheeled wagons with road bed, hay rake, good as new, bokey plow, champion self-rake reaper and mower, Johnston harvester, almost new, 3 south bend plows, 1 double corn planter, threshing machine, shaker and horse power, 3 drag harrows, spring harrow, Missouri grain drill with fertilizer attachment, single corn planter. Albright 2-horse cultivator, 3 single cultivators, 2 corn scrapers, 3 set of tug harness, almost new, set of cruppers, set of heavy breechbands, set of buggy harness, buggy pole, cow chains, rakes, shovels, hoes, wheelbarrow, crowbar, etc. Also lot of household goods, 4-can Cooley creamer, dinner bell, cook stove, 10 plate stove, copper kettle, tubs, cider barrels, meat vessel, 3 tables, corner cupboard, bedsteads, sink, chairs, flour chest, and numerous other articles not mentioned in the above.

Sale begins at 9 o'clock, sharp, when terms will be announced.

DANIEL BOHN.

WILLIAM GOHEEN, Auctioneer.
FERGUS POTTER, Clerk.

PUBLIC SALE.—THE UNDERSIGNED WILL offer at public sale, on his premises, 1½ miles west of Tusseyville, on WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 1891, the following property, to wit: 4 good horses rising 4 6 and 8 years old, 1 a good single driver, 2 draft horses, combined weight 2700 pounds, 1 milch cow, fresh about the time of sale, 8 head of young cattle 3 heifers will be fresh in the fall, 3 1-year old short horn bulls, 30 head of good sheep, 2 sows, 6 shoats, plantation wagon with ladders, 2 horse wagon, top buggy, 1 long sled, sleigh, Monarch grain drill, Buckeye reaper, Adriance mower, Buckeye cultivator, small cultivator, 3 horse cultivator, spring harrow, square harrow, Centre Hall corn planter, Keystone fanning mill, hay rake, double harpoon rope and pulley, straw bench, lightning hay knife forks, rakes, double trees, grind stone, fifth chain, cow chains, horse gears, collars, bridles, meat vessel, corn on the ear, hay by the ton, and other articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 12 o'clock, when terms will be made known.

JACOB WAGNER.

WM. GOHEEN, Auctioneer,
G. W. SPANGLER, Clerk.

To The Farmers of Centre County.

I wish to say I will again be among you offering the following farm implements. The Deering Binder and Mowers, the Albright spring tooth cultivator with double row cornplanter and also his sixteen and eighteen spring tooth harrows, the Bissell chilled plows, Hauck and Comstock hay rakes, Bullard hay tedder with one fork outside of each wheel, Superior grain drill with or without fertilizer attachment, the Champion hand cloverseed sower it will save its cost in seed in one season, Buckeye Force pump, Empire steam engine and Thresher, Allentown phosphates, Eclipse steel wagons from a one horse to a heavy lumber wagon. I would say to those who think of buying a new wagon to come to my place at Centre Hill and see the Eclipse steel sample wagon before you buy a wagon, it cant help but please you The Columbia Steel wagon Co. offer a challenge of $1000 in their printed circulars to any maker of a line of farm wagons with as many good points as the Eclipse steel wagons, all the wood you will find on the wagon is the bed, wheels, tongue coupling pole and lock bar. Thanking the farmers for their kindness and patronage in the past and trusting they will this coming season give me a part of it as usual.

P. M. BURKHOLDER,
Centre Hill, Pa

A Family Duty.

The home circle is sacred and life has few charms indeed if family ties are burst asunder. The promotion of happiness and the prevention of sickness are of prime importance in every household. It is in the spring that old and young alike are most susceptible to the hundreds of diseases that fill the atmosphere we breathe and lurk in the water we drink. The timely use of a reliable stimulant is the only sure way to guard against sickness in the home. Max Klein's "Silver Age" and "Duquesne" brands of pure rye whisky are recommended by physicians as the best invigorator in the world. Both are sold under a sworn guarantee of purity, "Silver Age" at $1.50 per full quart bottle, "Duquesne" at $1.25. These whiskies are used exclusively in the leading hospitals, which is sufficient evidence that they are the best obtainable.

Mr. Guckenheimer, Finch, Gibson and Overholt are sold by Mr Klein at $1 per quart, or six quarts for $5. His stock of wines, brandies, etc., is the largest in Pennsylvania. Goods promptly shipped to all parts of the United States. Send for catalogue and price list, mentioning this paper. Max Klein 82 Federal Street. Allegheny, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—BY VIRTUE OF SUNdry writs of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in the Borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, A. D. 1891,

at 1 30 o'clock P. M., the following property, to wit:

All the defendants right, title and interest in and to all that certain piece or tract of land situate in Penn township, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Jacob Emerick, Sam'l Bartley and Penns creek, on the west by lands of Jacob Emerick, on the south by lands of Daniel Geary, and on the east by lands of George W. Stover's estate, Frank Auman and Jacob Saunders, containing 40 acres more or less.

ALSO

All the right, title and interest of the defendant in that piece or tract of land situate in the township of Penn, county of Centre and state of Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by lands of Wm. H. Ertle and others, on the west by lands of A. P. Zerby and others, on the south by lands of Soloman Lingle and Conrad Immel, and on the east by lands of Jacob Sankey and Daniel Geary, containing 54 acres more or less.

Seized ,taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Reuben Harter.

ALSO

All the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to all those several pieces or tracts of land situate in the township of Penn, county of Centre and state of Penna. One thereof bounded on the north by lands of John Sankey, on the east by lands of Mrs. Jonathan Harter and M. S. Feidler, on the south by land of David Feidler and on the west by lands of Mrs. Forster, containing 76 acres more or less, thereon erected two two story dwelling houses, tenk barn and other outbuildings.

Another thereof, bounded on the north by lands of J. C. Swith, on the east by lands of Mrs. Jonathan Harter, on the south by lands of John Sankey, and on the west by lands of John Sankey and Mrs. Forster, containing 14 acres more or less, no buildings.

Seized, taxen in execution and to be sold as the property of A. W. Ulrich.

TERMS—No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid or arranged in full.

W. A. ISHLER,
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, } Sheriff.
Pa., March 9, 1891.

We pay Salary

and expenses to LIVE AGENTS men or women. No drones wanted. Work steady year round and cash weekly. Good pay for part time. Fine outfit free. Experience not needed. Send references and stamp at once. J. EUGENE WHITNEY, Rochester, N. Y.

This firm is perfectly responsible. 1 dec 6m

PUBLIC SALE.—THE UNDERSIGNED WILL offer at public sale, at his residence, one mile north of Tusseyville, on TUESDAY, MARCH 17, 1891, the following live stock, farm implements, etc.: 4 brood mares, of good stock, good workers and good drivers, and in excellent condition, 1 good horse, 1 colt 2 years old, and well proportioned, 6 milch cows, 2 of them are fresh, 1 will be fresh by time of sale, 2 of them are Jerseys, 1 is a Holstein, and two are Short Horns, 8 head of young cattle, 1 Jersey and 1 Holstin bull, both bulls are 1½ years old, and finest strain, 3 Holstein heifers, 3 Holstein calves, 14 fine shoats, 2 Jersey heifers, 12 head good ewes, new tiger hay rake, new double rowed Hench & Dromgold corn-planter and cultivator combined, with fertilizer attachment, good grain drill, new 2-horse wagon, Centre Hall make, good broad wheeled plantation wagon, new bob sled, new Centre Hall land roller, good Dexter Queen top buggy, light 2-horse wagon, 2 south bend plows, spring harrow, good as new, new Michigan fanning mill, try me cutting box, wheel barrow, new hay tedder, 2 new hay rakes, 5 set of long ladders, sleigh, corn sheller, Grain cradle, mowing scythe, double harpoon, 150 feet of new rope and pulleys, bag wagon, Johnson mower, Champion binder, forks, 2 scoop shovels, new Cooley creamer, 4 cans, shovels, axes, post axe, augers, bridles, set new gears, set tug harness, 4 pair new fly nets, halters lines, chains, cow ties, single trees, double trees, lot of grain bags, and many other articles not enumerated. Also lot of household furniture: New sunshine cook stove with fixtures, new iris coal stove, dining table, corner cupboard, 6 bedsteads, 4 washstand, 4 sinks, lot of chairs, carpets, dishes, oil cloths, chests, bureau, tinware, crocks, meat vessels, barrels, 3 churns, tubs, iron kettles, lot of stove pipe, 2 dozen knives and forks, spoons clocks, looking glasses, and numerous other articles.

Sale begins at 9 o'clock sharp, when terms will be announced. No hucksters or ball playing allowed.

W. H. RUNKLE, Jr.

D. H. RUHL, Auctioneer.
G. W. SPANGLER, Clerk.

HOMESTEAD FOR SALE OR RENT.—THE undersigned offers a desirable homestead for sale, consisting of 35 acres of land of which 25 acres are good young timber. Thereon a plank frame house, bank barn, with other outbuildings, choice fruit and excellent water, adjoins the Heckman farm west of Centre Hall, on the old Lewistown road leading to the pike. Apply or address,

W. W. HORNER,
Centre Hall.

160 ACRES LAND FOR SALE OR trade.—I have 160 acres of land in good state of cultivation in Western Nebraska, which I will sell cheaply, or trade. It is a splendid opportunity for any one desiring a home.

Address, M. L. SHUEY,
Centre Hall, Pa.
10 3t

Public Sales.

THURSDAY, MARCH 12.—John B. Lee, 1 mile north of Tusseyvill, farm stock, implements, etc., at 1 o'clock.

SATURDAY, MARCH 21.—Sarah J. Sankey, 2 miles west of Centre Hall. Horses, cattle farm stock, implements and household goods, at 12 o'clock.

THURSDAY, MARCH 26.—M. A. Snyder, at 10 o'clock, 2½ miles west of Centre Hall. Horses, cattle, implements, household goods, etc., etc.

PUBLIC SALE.—THE UNDERSIGNED WILL offer at public sale, at her residence, ¾ of a mile west of Old Fort, on FRIDAY, MARCH 20, 1891, the following property; 5 head work horses 7 head milch cows all fresh before sale, 1-2 year old bull, 2-2 year old heifers, 7 head young cattle, 2 chester white brood sows, 1 chester white boar, 8 chester white shoats, 6 chester white pigs, 1 Osborne twine binder in good order, 1 combined mower and reaper, 1 hay rake, 1 spring tooth harrow, 2 pin harrows, 2 wheel cultivators, 2 syracuse steel beam plows, 1 hokey plow, 1 empire grain drill, 2 grain cradles, 1 wheel barrow, 2 sett manure boards, 1 harpoon and pulley with 100 ft. rope, 1 wind mill, 1 broad tire plantation wagon, 1 2 horse wagon, 1 spring wagon, lot forks and rakes, 2 log chains, double trees, single trees and spreades, 1 long sled, 1 cutter, cow chains, digging iron, Centre Hall corn planter, corn scraper, grind stone, dinner bell, sleigh, lot of grain bags, grubbing hoe, horse gears, collars, bridles, 2 sett check lines, fly nets, hand corn sheller, 2 sett single buggy harness, and other articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock when terms will be made known.

MARTIN BIG.

J. N. LEITZELL, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALE.—THE UNDERSIGNED WILL offer at public sale, at his residence, 2 miles east of Centre Hall, on the Brush valley road, on THURSDAY, MARCH 19, the following personal property, to wit: 5 head of horses, 3 mares with foal, 5 milch cows, 3 of them will be fresh by time of sale, 8 head young cattle, 6 fine shoats, 1 chester white breeding sow, 2 sets tug harness, set front gears, 5 collars, set single harness, 4 flynets, one 4-horse wagon, one 2-horse wagon, sled, horse power, threshing machine, strap and shaker, Champion binder, Champion mower both good as new, grain cradle, spring harrow, corn scraper, 3 plows, 2 shovel plows, new fanning mill, Laureiton spring cultivator, new hay rake, good grain drill, 2 corn planters, hay knife, 12 cow chains, single trees and spreads 2 set hay ladders, creamery with 3 cans, cook stove with pipe, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale begins at 10 o'clock, sharp, when terms will be made known.

M. L. EMERICK.

JAMES LEITZELL, Auctioneer.

OUR new arrivals in new wash Dress Goods are beautiful. 50 pieces Challie. Dozens of pieces of new Gingham. A new fabric called Shantong Ponges, lighter weight, finer quality and at far less money than French Satins. Some light prints for boys' waists are simply beautiful and very striking.

Black India Linen in plain, striped and dotted. They are decided the most servicsable and handsome fabric in the world for the price.

Our February trade was far beyond our highest expectation. We aim to serve you well at a moderate price. Don't come to us for trash as we have no use for it and customers are always swindled *that buy such truck.*

Corsets for 50 cents are far beyond what you usually get for the money.

WHY DO MOTHERS put stiff corsets on their GROWING CHILDREN? We hear of you don't do it here. BE SURE TO BUY FERRIS' GOOD SENSE CORSET WAISTS. THOUSANDS NOW IN USE. Best for Health, Economy and Beauty. BUTTONS at front instead of CLASPS. RING BUCKLE at hip for Hose supporters. Tape-fastened Buttons—won't pull off. Cord-Edge Button Holes—won't tear out. FIT ALL AGES—Infants to Adults. FOR SALE BY GARMANS.

Bellefonte.